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No. 22,173 號叁拾柒百壹仟貳萬式第 日捌初月柒年巳己 HONG KONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1929. 登拜禮 日貳拾月捌年九廿百九仟壹英 PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

## KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

On and after Aug. 8th, 1929, until further Notice (all previous  
Time Tables cancelled.)

### UP TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 M.
Kowloon Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.30	10.55	12.20	1.45	3.10	4.35	6.00	7.25	8.50	10.15	11.40	1.05	2.30	3.55	5.20	6.45	8.10	9.35	11.00	12.25	1.50	3.05
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	6.49	8.14	9.39	11.04	12.29	1.54	3.19	4.44	6.09	7.34	8.59	10.24	11.49	1.14	2.39	3.64	4.89	6.14	7.39	8.64	9.89	11.14	12.39	1.54
Shatin Dep.	7.01	8.26	9.51	11.16	12.41	2.06	3.31	4.56	6.21	7.46	9.01	10.26	11.51	1.26	2.51	4.06	5.31	6.56	8.21	9.46	11.01	12.26	1.51	3.06
Tai Po Dep.	7.13	8.38	10.03	11.28	12.53	2.18	3.43	5.08	6.33	7.58	9.23	10.48	12.13	1.38	3.03	4.28	5.53	7.08	8.33	9.58	11.23	12.48	2.03	3.18
Market Dep.	7.20	8.45	10.10	11.35	13.00	2.25	3.50	5.15	6.40	7.65	8.90	10.15	11.40	1.25	2.50	4.05	5.30	6.55	8.20	9.45	11.10	12.35	1.50	3.05
Fanling Dep.	7.30	8.55	10.20	11.45	13.10	2.35	4.00	5.25	6.50	7.75	9.00	10.25	11.50	1.35	3.00	4.25	5.50	7.05	8.30	9.55	11.20	12.45	2.00	3.15
Sheung Shui Dep.	7.35	9.00	10.25	11.50	13.15	2.40	4.05	5.30	6.55	7.80	9.05	10.30	11.55	1.40	3.05	4.30	5.55	7.10	8.35	9.60	11.15	12.40	2.05	3.20
Shun chun Arr.	7.41	9.06	10.31	11.56	13.21	2.46	4.11	5.36	7.01	7.86	9.11	10.36	12.01	1.46	3.11	4.36	6.01	7.26	8.51	9.76	11.01	12.26	2.01	3.16
Canton Arr.	12.05	1.30	2.55	4.20	5.45	7.10	8.35	9.60	10.85	12.10	1.35	2.60	3.85	5.10	6.35	7.60	8.85	10.10	11.35	12.60	1.55	3.20	4.45	5.70

### DOWN TRAINS

STATIONS	No. 1 A.M.	No. 2 A.M.	No. 3 A.M.	No. 4 A.M.	No. 5 A.M.	No. 6 A.M.	No. 7 A.M.	No. 8 A.M.	No. 9 A.M.	No. 10 A.M.	No. 11 A.M.	No. 12 M.	No. 1 P.M.	No. 2 P.M.	No. 3 P.M.	No. 4 P.M.	No. 5 P.M.	No. 6 P.M.	No. 7 P.M.	No. 8 P.M.	No. 9 P.M.	No. 10 P.M.	No. 11 P.M.	No. 12 M.
Canton Dep.	6.40	8.05	9.30	10.55	12.20	1.45	3.10	4.35	6.00	7.25	8.50	10.15	11.40	1.05	2.30	3.55	5.20	6.45	8.10	9.35	11.00	12.25	1.50	3.05
Shun chun Dep.	7.17	8.42	10.07	11.32	12.57	2.12	3.37	4.62	5.87	7.12	8.37	9.62	10.87	12.12	1.37	2.62	3.87	5.12	6.37	7.62	8.87	10.12	11.37	12.62
Sheung Shui Dep.	7.25	8.50	10.15	11.40	13.05	2.20	3.45	4.70	5.95	7.20	8.45	9.70	10.95	12.20	1.45	2.70	3.95	5.20	6.45	7.70	8.95	10.20	11.45	12.70
Fanling Dep.	7.30	8.55	10.20	11.45	13.10	2.25	3.50	4.75	6.00	7.25	8.50	9.75	11.00	12.25	1.50	3.05	4.30	5.55	6.80	8.05	9.30	10.55	11.80	13.05
Market Dep.	7.40	9.05	10.30	11.55	13.20	2.35	3.60	4.85	6.10	7.35	8.60	9.85	11.10	12.35	1.60	2.85	4.10	5.35	6.60	7.85	9.10	10.35	11.60	12.85
Tai Po Dep.	7.44	9.09	10.34	11.59	13.24	2.39	3.64	4.89	6.14	7.39	8.64	9.89	11.14	12.39	1.64	2.89	4.14	5.39	6.64	7.89	9.14	10.39	11.64	12.89
Shatin Dep.	7.57	9.22	10.47	12.12	13.37	2.52	4.17	5.42	6.67	7.92	9.17	10.42	11.67	12.92	1.77	3.02	4.27	5.52	6.77	8.02	9.27	10.52	11.77	13.02
Yau Ma Tei Dep.	8.11	9.36	11.01	12.26	13.51	3.06	4.31	5.56	6.81	8.06	9.31	10.56	11.81	13.06	1.91	3.16	4.41	5.66	6.91	8.16	9.41	10.66	11.91	13.16
Kowloon Arr.	8.17	9.42	11.07	12.32	13.57	3.12	4.37	5.62	6.87	8.12	9.37	10.62	11.87	13.12	1.97	3.22	4.47	5.72	6.97	8.22	9.47	10.72	11.97	13.22

\*For First Class Passengers Only. Will Stop at ANY Station on Request.  
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2.00 P.M. "SUI TAI" to  
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### EXCURSION TO MACAO:—

ON SUNDAY, 18th AUGUST.

S.S. "SUI TAI"

Will depart from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf at 9 A.M., and  
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## A VISIT TO THE GREAT WALL OF CHINA.

### RAILWAY TIMEKEEPING IN THE NORTH.

DONKEYS AS MOUNTS FOR BLUEJACKETS.

BEER ON SALE IN A TEMPLE!

[By P. DENNIS, H.M.S. "STORMCLOUD."]

Although the events recorded in this article occurred in late October of last year, conditions in the North, so far as railway traffic is concerned, have altered but little. The account of the excursion of a party of Naval officers and men to see a section of the Great Wall of China near Shanhaikuan may be of interest to those members of the public who have not yet explored China's northern hills.

Leaving the ship at about half-past six in the morning, we set out to walk to the railway station at Chingwangtze. A slight drizzle lifted soon after we landed but the cold breeze remained and the prospect of half-an-hour's walk to the station was viewed with much pleasure.

#### A Time Table Comedy.

According to an official notice, our train was due to leave at 7.10. We were warned, however, that it would be as well for the party to be at the station before that time as, owing to the disorganised state of the country, the train was just as likely to leave early as late. In these circumstances, we made it our business to arrive on the platform at 7 o'clock. Then our troubles commenced with a vengeance.

The station-master was reputed to be able to speak English but being one of the "elite," was not at his post at such an early hour. After much gesturing, however, we made his understudy understand that we wished to catch the 7.10 train. With the assistance of the station clock the official told us that the 7.10 train would not leave until 7.30. Half-an-hour's vigorous stamping up and down the platform to keep our feet warm followed.

At the end of that time, we appealed to a Chinese who could speak a little English and discovered that the train would not arrive until 8 o'clock. Perhaps it was as well that the Chinese who crowded the platform could not understand some of the remarks made by the bluejackets, familiar with the idiosyncrasies of the railway service to Chatham at home.

#### Some Real Seats!

Perhaps with the idea of cheering us up, our Chinese friend told us quite gently that the train would be "little late" and probably would not arrive until 8.30, exactly one hour and twenty minutes after its scheduled time! With the exception of our party, who were

beginning to shiver in a temperature of 40 degrees, after having spent the summer in Hong Kong, nobody seemed to mind the delay.

The acting station-master sat on a high stool, his arms folded and his hands tucked into his capacious sleeves, while the head porter sat upon a box of eggs stolidly chewing melon seeds. Nor did our fellow-passengers—all of them Chinese—seem to worry in the least. They merely continued to shell peanuts, dropping the husks all over the platform, gazing at the bluejackets without any show of interest as they stamped to and fro, grinding the crackling peanuts husks under foot.

At 8.30, our train hove in sight and came to a standstill in the station to the echo of loud cheers from our party. We were very fortunate in securing a first-class dining car complete with tables and seats particularly as, at that time, most of the railway carriages were minus such luxuries. We also succeeded in getting cups of hot tea and were still more fortunate in that the train started off exactly at 8.30.

#### The Sailor's Delight.

After a comparatively quick journey, we arrived at Shanhaikuan where we were met by Mr. Marshall, a member of the staff of the C.E.R., who decided to take the day off and accompany us to the hills. On leaving the station we discovered to the huge delight of the sailors (and the officers) that we had to ride donkeys.

After much haggling with a crowd of donkey "boys," we each secured a more or less trusty mount and then the fun commenced. Mounting was rather difficult owing to the promiscuous assistance offered on all sides which merely made the donkeys "suspicious" and restive. However, we eventually succeeded in mounting, and what was more, contrived to stay on for the whole of the course, the officers maintaining their dignity and poise to the bitter end.

Our ride to the foot of the hills occupied about half-an-hour. At the end of that time, some of the party dismounted, while the remainder evidently preferred to fall off. Then we commenced to climb the hills. For a time, the path proved easy, although steep. Then the steepness increased and climbing became more difficult owing to the stinging snow. After three brief rests, we reached the summit of the largest hill, 2,000 feet high, on which a Buddhist temple was posted.

#### Welcome Refreshments.

We found that the priest in charge of the temple had beer, lemonade and hot water for sale. Although his prices were probably more steep than the hill on which his temple stood, as our haversacks were well filled with fodder and smokes, we found that life at the top of the hill was not so bad after all.

The temple was divided into three sections. One section contained two Buddhas—one of peace and one of war. The War Buddha was black in colour, while the other was blue. In another section there were three "lady Buddhas," one of which, the Goddess of Mercy, sat with a child in her arms.

The third image held what appeared to be triplets in one arm—as I have already said, beer was on sale in the temple—while, with her free hand, she held the hand of another child. We were informed by our guide that this section of the temple was set apart for women to worship and that the image with the four children represented the Goddess of Maternity. All young brides and childless wives prayed to this image.

#### A Wonderful View.

Much to the disappointment of some of the more romantic bluejackets, who evidently expected to meet samples of the little yellow god with the green eye, gold and silver ornaments, and precious stones were not in evidence in the temple. Probably the priest had heard of our intended visit!

Leaving the temple, we took a roundabout path to a large crag on to which we climbed and obtained a wonderful view of miles and miles of flat country lying on either side of the hills. On one side China, with its teeming millions—a continent of nations—lay at our feet. Turning, we beheld on the other side Manchuria the home of the one-time rulers of China proper.

Looking down toward the sea could be seen the commencement of the Great Wall. The less-informed members of our party heard with some surprise that the actual boundary line between China and Manchuria is three miles to the north of the wall on the Manchurian side.

Cameras were very busy at this point and one or two frauds, who had spent a week or two in the study of guide books, attempted to impress the remainder of the party with their knowledge of the points of interest to be seen in the vast tract of country spread out at our feet.

(Continued on Page 2.)

## HONGKONG

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2, QUEEN'S BUILDING.

**Diary of Coming Events**

<b>To-day,</b> (August 12.) German Constitution Day. Con- sular reception, Hong Kong Hotel, 11.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. Sale of Crown Land: Kowloon. Inland Lots Nos. 2207, 2208, P.W.D. Offices, 3 p.m. Water Polo: Somerset's v. K.O.S.B. "B," Kowloon "A" v. K.O.S.B. "A," V.R.C., 5.30 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "Cohen's and Kelly's in Atlantic City." World Theatre: "Silk Stock- ings." Star Theatre: "Skirts." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Peninsula, and Repulse Bay Hotels, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 2.44 a.m. and 3.48 p.m.; Low: 9.10 a.m. and 8.35 p.m. European Mails:—Outward: Europe via San Francisco (Pres. Lincoln). <b>Tuesday,</b> (August 13.) Water Polo: Chinese "B" v. Royal Navy, Chinese "A" v. Kow- loon "B," V.R.C., 5.30 p.m. Hong Kong Football Association. Council Meeting, French Bank Building, 5.30 p.m. <b>Billiards:—Garrison Mess v.</b> <b>K.O.S.B., Craigengower v. Police,</b> <b>Somerset's v. St. Patrick's, Royal</b> <b>Artillery v. P.O.'s Club, Royal</b> <b>Engineers v. Police Reserves.</b> Queen's Theatre: "The Dancer of Barcelona." World Theatre: "The Auction Block." Star Theatre: "The Cardboard Lover." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 4.38 a.m. and 7.33 p.m.; Low: 12.43 p.m. and 10.10 p.m. <b>Wednesday,</b> (August 14.) Water Polo: V.R.C. "A" v. V.R.C. "B," V.R.C., 5.30 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "The Dancer of Barcelona." World Theatre: "The Auction Block." Star Theatre: "The Cardboard Lover." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m. Tides:—High: 4.38 a.m. and 7.33 p.m.; Low: 12.43 p.m. and 10.10 p.m. <b>Thursday,</b> (August 15.) Tennis: Knockout Tournament Y.M.C.A., 5.15 p.m. Queen's Theatre: "A Lady of Chance." World Theatre: "Tracked by the Police." Star Theatre: "Odette." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel, Pen- insula Hotel and Repulse Bay Hotel, 8.30 p.m. European Mails:—Inward: Europe via (Moscow). <b>Friday,</b> (August 16.) Christian Fellowship Meeting, Holena May Institute, 10.30 a.m. Billiards:—K.O.S.B. v. Garri- son Mess, Police v. Craigengower, St. Patrick's v. Somerset's, C. and P.O.'s Club v. Royal Artillery Police Res. v. Royal Engineers. Queen's Theatre: "A Lady of Chance." World Theatre: "Tracked by the Police." Star Theatre: "Odette." Dinner Dances: H.K. Hotel and Peninsula Hotel, 8.30 p.m.
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## HUMOUR: ANCIENT AND MODERN.

An Aberdonian decided to build a new house for himself. He telephoned to the secretary of his lodge and asked him to send along a dozen free masons!

Beatrice: "Dad, I want some money for my trousseau."  
Dad: "My dear girl! I didn't know you were even engaged!"  
Beatrice: "Great Scott, dad. Don't you ever read the papers?"

"We had a wonderful trip! We saw snow-capped summits leaping towards the cerulean heavens; we saw foaming torrents raging through the bottoms of shadowy canyons; we looked down from beetling crags into the depths of limpid lakes; we traversed sylvan glades shot with flashes of golden sunlight; we—"  
"How many miles to the gallon did you get?"

The somewhat choleric elderly man tapping loudly on the pavement with his walking-stick was glaring in the direction of a small boy dawdling along with the infinite leisure of the ten-year-old.  
A young woman who was passing heard the tapping, and took the old gentleman gently by the arm.  
"Come along," she said, soothingly. "You'll be all right with me!"  
One look into the fiery eye that was turned upon her made her realize her mistake.  
"Oh, I'm so sorry!" she faltered. "I thought you were blind!"  
"Blind, madam!" shouted the man. "I'm trying to attract the attention of my confounded grandson!"

A young lady entered the stationery store and asked for a pound tin of floor wax.  
"I'm sorry, miss," said the clerk; "all we carry is sealing wax."  
"Don't be silly!" she replied. "Who'd want to wax a ceiling?"

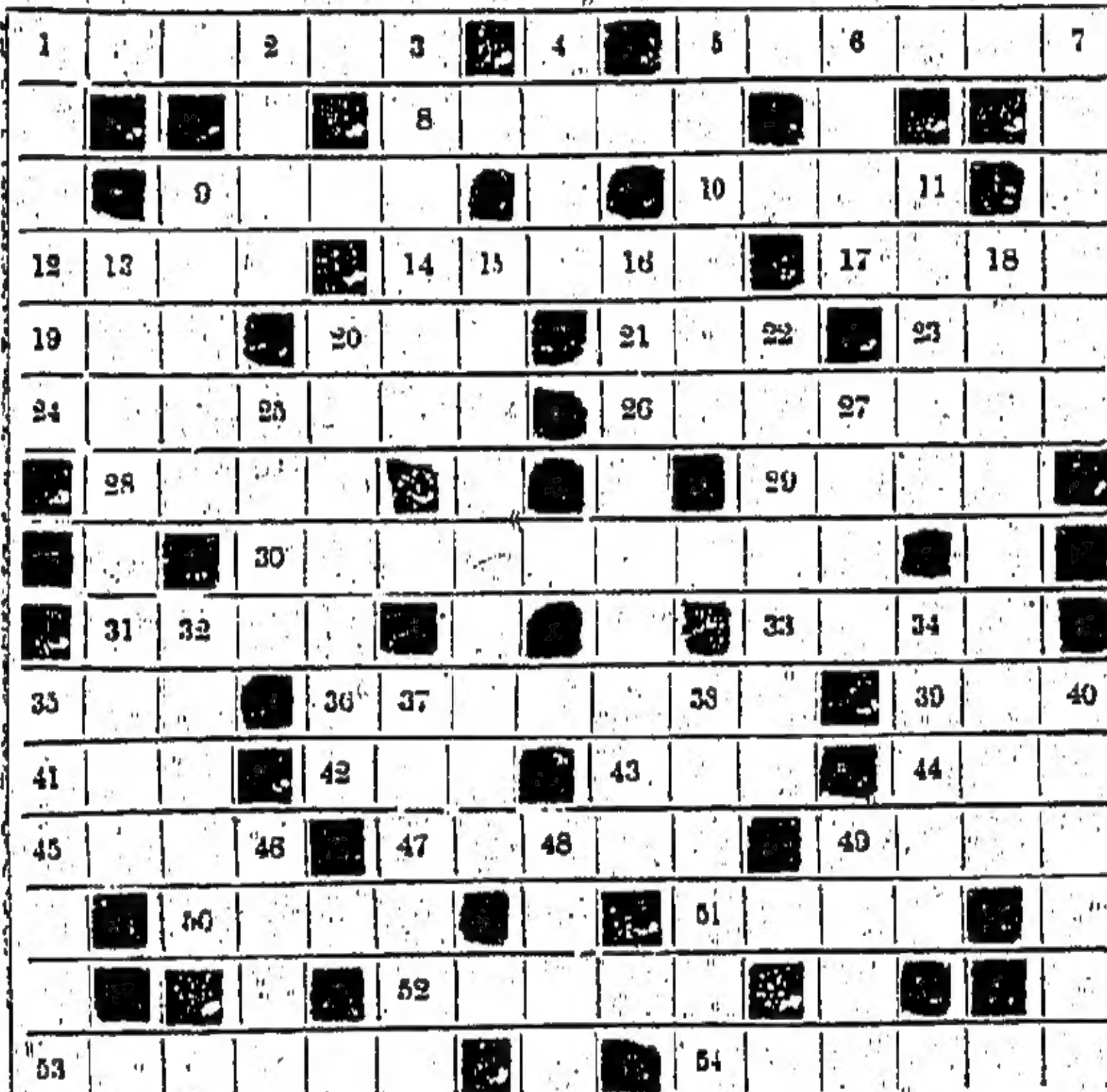
A man who was rather the worse for drink entered a chemist's and asked for a glass of London gin.  
"We don't keep London gin," the facetious young assistant told him. "We only keep three kinds of gin: oxygen, hydrogen, and nitrogen."

A Scot on holiday in Palestine came to the Sea of Galilee, and on inquiring the price of a pleasure boat found that they were 3s. 6d. an hour.

"Three-an'-saxpence," he exclaimed, "and we can get one in Aberdeen for sixpence!"  
"Ah! but this is Palestine," answered the boatman, "and these are the waters on which our Lord walked."

"Nae wonder He walked," said the dry retort.  
A schoolboy, the worry of his teacher's life, handed in the following composition on cats:—  
"Cats that's meant for little boys to mail and tease is called Mautese cats. Some cats is reckoned by how quiet their purrs is, and these is named Purrian cats. The cats what has very bad tempers is called Angoric cats, and cats with deep feelings is called Feline cats. I don't like cats."

## CROSSWORD PUZZLE.



## Across.

- 1.—Snow ones are to be avoided.
- 5.—Between the Mersey and the Dee.
- 8.—A useful defence.
- 9.—A sound that might appropriately be uttered by a sea animal.
- 10.—Scottish Thomases.
- 12.—The wild goat of 17 across.
- 14.—The best kind of cow for the dairymaid.
- 17.—The home of 12 across.
- 19.—The poet wrote an ode to a Greek one.
- 20.—Not a pro.
- 21.—If you do this you hasten.
- 23.—Change the tail of 19 across to get this river.
- 24.—A star of former days.
- 26.—The kind of bull to avoid.
- 28.—He is clearly a beginner.
- 29.—A drinking-cup of considerable use to Scots rhymesters.
- 30.—The crocodile's cousin.
- 31.—A common character in French fiction.
- 33.—Our ancestors may have drunk this while at work in this.
- 35.—A thousand makes this many.
- 38.—You find it in many pills.
- 39.—It used to mean exactly the opposite.
- 41.—Or madam.
- 42.—An unpleasant sort of fellow.
- 43.—Reverse the farmer's friend.
- 44.—The core of a firmly held belief.
- 46.—8 across may keep you from this.
- 47.—Coin of the realm.
- 49.—A married man may be a bachelor of this.
- 50.—Describes a kind of decree.
- 51.—It is unpleasant to be this in the jaws of 30 across.
- 52.—The island of phosphates ruled by New Zealand.
- 53.—If its last letter were "t," most ex-servicemen would recognise an old friend.
- 54.—Beware the gun that is this.

## Down.

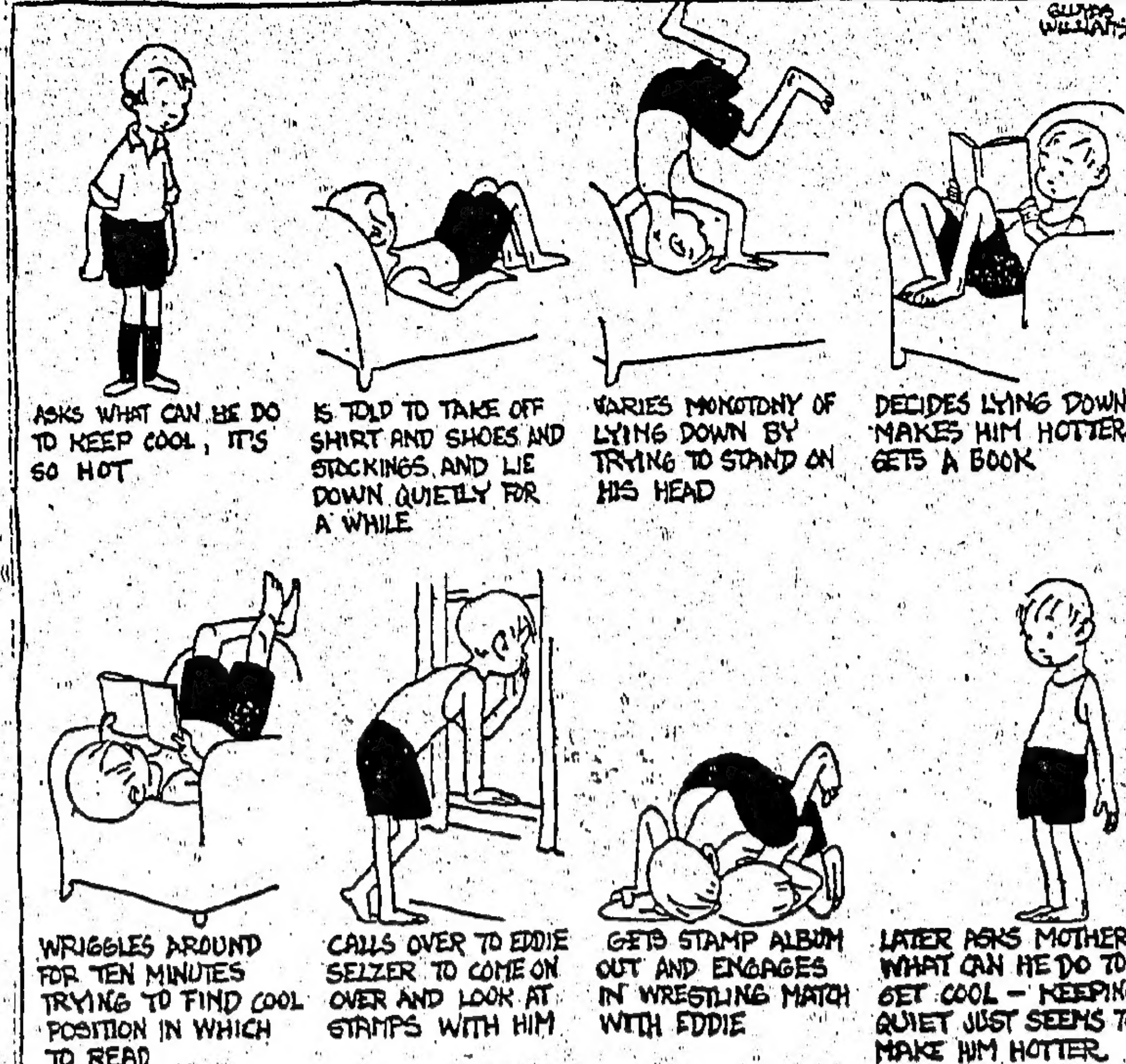
- 1.—Daniel's King.
- 2.—A plant that the Bible describes as smoking.
- 3.—You can fish for this in Scotland.
- 4.—A lady who failed to get to the top.
- 5.—A preposition with a humorous beginning.
- 6.—The lady of Hyde Park.
- 7.—Simply fell into disuse.

## SATURDAY'S SOLUTION.

HESSIAN GIBBETS  
E AN OSLO AP U  
ELBOW IDE CRANE  
L O A W N I N G C C D  
STIRRUP BATHE  
S O S D E B A R K R U  
L E S C R I T O I R E  
S E A S K O S A T L O R  
H B O X A R K S L I  
O P H O R S E S B E D  
E R A S I T S S R A C  
L U B O O T L O P A  
A S H E S B L D E R W E N  
O E A S E A E S E  
E N S I G N S T R E E T S

## SNAPSHOTS OF A BOY TRYING TO KEEP COOL.

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



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7-77

## PICTURES AND PLAYS.

The next Jenny Jugo-picture to be produced by the Ufa has been titled "The League of the Three." (Previous tentative title was "Jenny Criminal"). The production will be supervised by Alfred Zeisler, while Hans Behrendt will do the directing. Jenny Jugo's partner will again be Enrico Benfer.

Wolfram Junghans, Ufa's director of educational animal films, has just added two new lodgers to his interesting household in Neubabelsberg. They are a pair of badgers and have been dubbed by Mr. Junghans as Mr. and Mrs. Marx, who will appear in a new Ufa-educational entitled, "Artistic Animals." The construction of their "underworld" dwelling-cave, their ways and means of living therein, are being carefully observed and followed by the cameraman and ought to prove of great interest on the screen.

The "Equator Tramp" is the title of another new Ufa comedy starring Lillian Harvey, Alexander Sascha, Michel von Newlinsky, Karl Platen, Rudolf Biebrack, Wolfgang Kühle, and Valeria Blanka, which has just been completed under supervision of Gunter Stapenhorst and the direction of Johannes Guter. Miss Valeria Blanka, a born Hungarian, is a naturalized British subject, being the daughter-in-law of the English author Henry Arthur Jones. She has played leading parts in Hollywood as well as in England and Germany.

A moving photographic naval spectacle of extraordinary merit and interest, and certain to be widely popular, was shown to Prince George, a large gathering of Naval officers, and the Press at the New Gallery, London recently. This is entitled "The Royal Navy Ashore and Afloat." Britain's naval strength is displayed in the picture in a simple, straightforward way, without any undue flag-waving and as an honest record of naval daily service. It was not exhibited in its complete and original form, but it still comprehends all the routine work from training exercises to finished operations on a large scale.

The scenes thrilled even the experts in the audience from beginning to end, and bursts of applause constantly broke the silence. The working of the guns, the raising of anchors, the signalling, the torpedo work, the aircraft carrier, the submarine methods, and the manoeuvring of the great battleships were all intensely fascinating. Not less so were those parts of the picture that dealt with minelaying and gun-forging.

The Admiralty appear to have co-operated to fine purpose in the production, and the result is enough to make the blood of every patriot surge and tingle.

attraction and lively bookings are reported everywhere. The *New Zealand Herald*, published at Auckland, says the picture is of unexcelled box office value.

The life story of Emma, Lady Hamilton, was romantic enough for any film. "The Divine Lady" follows her singular career closely enough without treading on the Censor's corns. The divine lady has not too many lovers, contenting herself in the picture with Charles Greyville, his uncle Sir William Hamilton, and last, but not least, Nelson.

Spectacularly, this biographical is a triumph. The naval battles, particularly that of Trafalgar, show a mastery of organisation, and reach a realism quite thrilling. The acting is worthy of the theme. Corinne Griffith as Emma looks as lovely as heart could wish and exhibits sincerity in her emotion and grace in her gestures. Victor Varland's greater naval hero, and is always manly, restrained, and picturesque. H. B. Warner and Montagu Love give good support.

"The Divine Lady" is not a "talkie" in the full meaning of the word, but it has patches of speech and song and bursts of sound with a Vitaphone Symphony Orchestra accompaniment. The story is concisely told and the continuity admirable. The photograph and the grouping are superb and only at rare moments is false sentiment permitted to creep in and injure the general effect.

## THE WOMAN'S CORNER.

## PRACTICAL WAYS WITH PERFUME.

On hot or sultry days, when the strain of work seems unbearable, few things refresh mind and body more than a fragrant flower perfume, such as a sweet pea or jasmine, with its subtle suggestion of cool garden and country glades.

Spray the perfume in the air in the immediate vicinity; a little goes a long way. If the head has begun to throb already, dab a little scent on the temples and nape of the neck; it is wonderfully cool and soothing.

Solid eau de Cologne and other "frozen" scents are very handy for this purpose.

To refresh hot hands that seem swollen and continually moist, pour a drop or two of scent into the cupped palms and quickly wash the hands therewith.

Finally give them a rub with a handkerchief that has been sprayed with scent. This simple treatment both cools and degrades the skin.

When night air seems stifling and sleep will not come, try spraying a little scent on a towel and hanging the latter at the head of the bed.

## WITH AN EYE TO SPECTACLES.



A smart afternoon ensemble in chiffon of the new Nile green.

Many more people wear spectacles now-a-days when it is realised that aids to eyesight are not necessarily a hall-mark of age.

Spectacles to be long-lasting and efficient must be well treated.

A rough surface, or a speck of flinty dust, for instance, will scar the polished surface of the lens.

The glasses should be rested on the frame edges if they are placed on a table or anywhere but in the case.

The interior of the case, too, should be kept free from dust on its velvet lining.

Both hands should be used to put the spectacles on or take them off. If one hand only is used the hinges are strained and become loose.

Polishing the Lens.

A piece of soft chamois leather should be used for polishing the lens, as a handkerchief may have collected dust from the pocket or hand-bag.

## A COMEDY OF FUN &amp; FASHION!

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A whimsical, dainty farce in which a pair of silk stockings cause consternation in the home of a young married couple!

**LAURA LA PLANTE** IN **SILK STOCKINGS**

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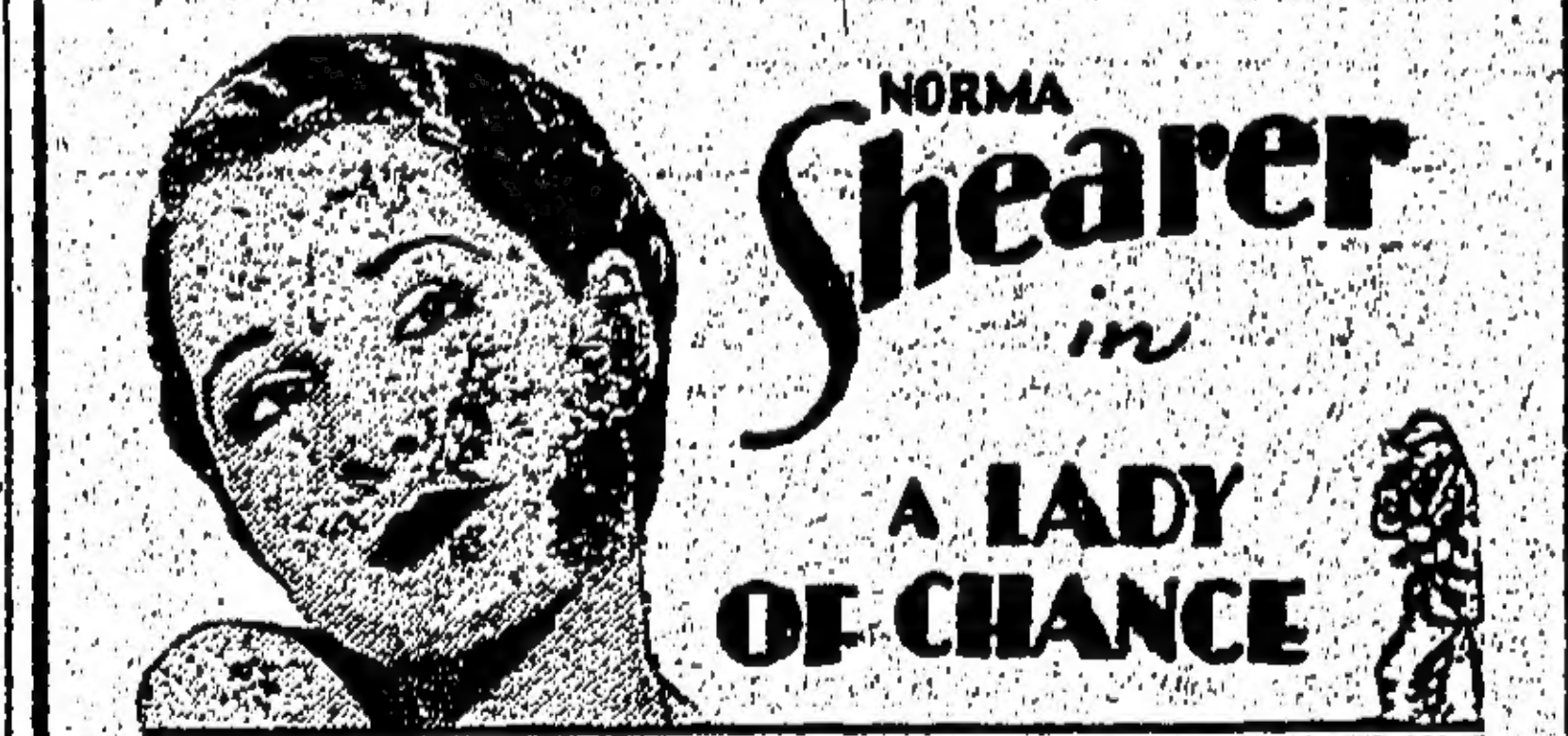
8 & 7.15 — Chinese Picture, "Love's Sacrifice"

## THE BIG COMEDY SPECIAL!

**Sydney Chaplin** in a fast and furious **SKIRTS**

AT THE **STAR** FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY At 5.30 & 9.20.

## THE ROMANCE OF A "GOLD DIGGER"



**NORMA Shearer** in **A LADY OF CHANCE**

AT THE **QUEEN'S** THURSDAY TO SATURDAY

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So better send your old mess-mate a *Weekly Press* while he is away. Let us have his Address, and send us \$7.50 and we will send it to him.

## FOR SIX MONTHS



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OF UNSURPASSED ATTRACTION,  
INTEREST AND CONVENIENCE.

We have made during the last few weeks so many improvements in our store that we are almost tempted to describe it as a *new* store.

The latest type of Sage's stock fixtures have replaced the old ones, new glass counters have been installed, the whole lighting system redesigned and another fitting room added in our Tailoring Department; many other alterations have been made to ensure that we have the most attractive and convenient Men's Wear store in the Far East.

No fuss, no bother, no commotion. Whilst you make your purchases—just the efficient personal service which you have learned to associate with a firm of our standing.

We feel sure that after the visit which we so cordially invite, you will share our justifiable enthusiasm.

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MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.



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Length Panta. Large Size only. Usual Price \$6.00.

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**WHITEAWAYS MEN'S DEPARTMENT.**

## THE CITY OF A MILLION RUMOURS.

MYSTERIOUS MOVEMENTS OF MELNIKOFF.

HARBIN UNRUFFLED BY SINO-  
RUSSIAN CRISIS.

[U.P. Special.]

HARBIN, July 22.

Life is one "crisis" after another in Harbin, that Russian city in the heart of North Manchuria, and Harbin residents take their crises pretty much as a matter of course.

The most recent disturbance, which carried the threat of a real war, has been received, with the same devil-may-care attitude as those of the past by the conglomeration of White and Red Russians, Chinese, and a sprinkling of Americans, British, French and Japanese, who make up the city of Harbin.

"Merry-go-round among the public," was the announcement of a programme in the Yacht Club, the social centre of Harbin, at the very moment when war appeared inevitable. For Harbin, with 100,000 White Russians always close to the starvation line, is determined to be gay.

**Pleasure-Seeking Crowds.**  
The cabarets of Harbin, which vie with those of Shanghai and Tientsin for supremacy in the field of night-club entertainment, seemed to thrive under the possible dangers ahead. The girls may have danced a little more merrily because the future was uncertain—for the future is always uncertain for White Russians in Harbin, and what matters a mere war after the Russian revolution.

The broad streets of New Town, with its dominant Russian population, were filled all day and late into the night by promenading crowds, in which pretty girls were so numerous that the observant eyes of impressionable visitors were quickly jaded. The shops revealed their Paris gowns and the girls wore their silk stockings which they insist upon even if the money for the next meal is not in sight.

Summer is the time of greatest enjoyment in Harbin, when the nights are pleasantly cool and the days not uncomfortable. With the long hard winter in prospect, Harbin residents do not intend to let a mere war interfere with their pleasures.

**Swimming and Singing.**  
The beautiful Sungari river has been filled with pleasure craft, among which the ugly little gunboats of the Chinese river navy provided a jarring note. The cabarets along the river were filled with family groups, enjoying the breezes from the river and sipping their iced drinks, as they listened to men with rich voices singing Russian songs.

Most popular of all is the bathing-beach, where pretty maidens and fair-skinned young men disport themselves in bathing-suits which leave little to the imagination. Here almost everything is Russian, including the bathers. The American and British residents have their private beaches, reached by sailing yachts and launches—for Americans and Britons find it difficult to feel at home amid the emphatic gaiety of a Russian crowd.

Newspaper correspondents sent to Harbin to observe a possible war between China and Russia could not detect that Harbin life was altered in any way by the impending crisis. There must have been intense nervousness beneath it all—but White and Red Russians dominate Harbin—and in this generation nothing can be very serious any more for Russians. They have already seen the worst life can offer—and any new "crisis" is simply an anti-climax.

**Tracking the Truth.**  
"The City of a Million Rumours" is the name applied to Harbin by newspaper correspondents sent here to study the recent developments.

Hardened reporters, who have worked in every country in Europe, unhesitatingly award Harbin the palm as the most difficult city in the world in which to track down the truth about anything. Hundreds of persons in Harbin seem to pass most of their working hours in thinking up possible events, and reporting them as facts. Stories spread like wild-fire from mouth to mouth, growing like snowballs as they roll.

China has long ranked high for the diversity and richness of its rumours, but the Chinese in Harbin are easily out-distanced in imagination by the White Russians. This group of permanent refugees, exiles from a country no longer their own, cling to the hope that someday the Soviets will crumble, and more often than not their hopes are expressed as facts.

During the recent disputes between China and Russia, the Whites in Harbin have supported the Chinese, not because they love them so much but because they approve anyone who opposes the Reds. Many Whites have told this correspondent they would gladly fight on the Chinese side in case of a war with the Soviets.

**The Cry of "War."**  
The favourite rumour in Harbin is that of a revolution in Russia. This story has become so much of an obsession with the Whites that they think of little else. Hardly a

day passes that the White papers here do not print a story of a White uprising somewhere in Russia. These stories are given with a wealth of detail, and with places, dates and statistics all complete. Some of them are utterly preposterous, but the White Russians read them all eagerly. Hope is hard to kill.

Foreign residents of Harbin would not believe it if a real revolution occurred again in Russia, if it was reported in Harbin. They have heard these stories so many times that they would merely exclaim, "These White Russians!"

**Out Off from the World.**  
It is hard to imagine a large city in this day and age which is so completely cut off from genuine news as is Harbin. The newspapers here, two in Chinese, several in Russian, many in English, never have the news until it is a week old. No world-wide news agency sends its report into Harbin. And the newspapers do not attempt to give a rounded picture of world events, early or late. They prefer imaginative tales of their own invention.

Foreign residents here, who want to follow world events, must subscribe to newspapers in Peking, Shanghai or Japan, and these come many days late. Harbin is always behind the rest of the world by at least three days. Even in events which directly concern the city, like the recent Sino-Russian crisis, Harbin residents know less about what is going on than the residents of New York, London, Shanghai or Tokyo.

This state of affairs gives free play to the Russian genius for manufacturing rumour, and the game goes merrily on. It appears certain to continue, at least during the life of the present generation of White Russians, whose hopes will not die.

**The Melnikoff Mystery.**  
Newspaper correspondents attracted to Harbin by the Chinese Eastern railway dispute are still puzzled by the great "Melnikoff" mystery.

One day the newspapermen received a report that the Soviet Consul-General, M. Melnikoff, had gone suddenly to Changchun for a conference with Chang Tso Hsiang, the Military Governor of Kirin. The report, if true, was important, because it might mean the beginning of negotiations of the dispute. So the correspondents hurried to the Soviet Consulate, where a secretary received them. "Has Mr. Melnikoff gone to Changchun?" the correspondents asked.

"No, he has not left Harbin. He is now at his home," the secretary answered, looking them directly in the eye.

"May we not see Mr. Melnikoff?" they asked.

"No, he is receiving no one," said the secretary.

"Does Mr. Melnikoff intend to go to Changchun?" was the next question.

"No," replied the secretary, "he is not going outside of Harbin until he leaves for Russia."

**Another Version.**  
The correspondents then hurried to the Japanese Consulate-General, and the Consul-General informed them that he had definite information that Mr. Melnikoff was in Changchun at the moment. They continued to the American Consulate-General, and the Consul-General said, "Wait a moment, and I will ask the Soviet consulate where Mr. Melnikoff is." He telephoned the Consulate, and the Soviet secretary replied, "Mr. Melnikoff is in Harbin, and does not intend to leave."

The next day the Japanese Consul-General reported that Mr. Melnikoff had visited Changchun, had conferred with General Chang and had been seen by members of the Japanese Consulate. This report was confirmed by British consuls, who knew Melnikoff and had seen him on the train.

So the correspondents hurried back to the Soviet Consulate. First a subordinate saw them, and they asked, "Did Mr. Melnikoff go to Changchun?" "He did not," was the reply. "He has never left Harbin."

At this point, Mr. Melnikoff himself appeared, and the correspondents said, "There are persistent reports that you went to Changchun yesterday." The Soviet Consul-General replied, "No, I did not go to Changchun, and do not intend to go. I have never left Harbin."

**An Unsolved Puzzle.**  
The correspondents were puzzled, and asked an American resident who has spent many years in Harbin, and knows many Red Russians intimately, to inquire. All of his friends, who hold official positions, told him flatly that Mr. Melnikoff had not left Harbin. But during the day, Japanese, Chinese, American and British residents who had travelled on the train the day before stated flatly that they knew Melnikoff well, and that he had travelled to Changchun and had come back early that morning. (Continued at foot of next column.)

FAREWELL TO "DAI"  
BLACK.POPULAR SPORTSMAN'S  
DEPARTURE.

SATURDAY'S DINNER.

What was in every way a "friendly" fixture—albeit tinged with regret at the loss of a valued colleague—was "played" at Lane, Crawford's Restaurant on Saturday night, when a farewell dinner was given to Mr. F. W. Black of H. M. Dockyard, previous to his departure for England.

The novel menu described the evening as "Black v. The Rest," and to carry the simile further one can add that the game was fought out on most sporting lines, and the result was "a good draw."

Officials of the Hong Kong Football Association present included Mr. R. M. Dyer (President), Mr. P. J. Woodhouse, C.I.E. (Vice-President), Mr. R. Hall (Chairman), Mr. W. E. Hollands (Hon. Secretary), Mr. G. T. May (Hon. Treasurer), Mr. Ip Kau-ko (Hon. Assistant Secretary), and the following Councilors:—Messrs. R. L. Duncan, G. Rodger, J. Ormiston, F. K. Lee, J. S. Shak and Comdr. F. H. D. Byron, R.N. (representing the Royal Navy), Lieut. W. R. George, R.A.M.C. (representing the Army).

**Football's Loss.**  
Mr. R. Hall, in making the principal speech of the evening, said, in part:—

"Mr. President, Gentlemen—We are gathered here this evening to do honour to our esteemed guest, Mr. Black, on the occasion of his pending departure from the Colony."

Mr. Black's name has been identified with football ever since his arrival in the Colony. As a player he was much in the public eye between the years 1915 and 1920; he was a tower of strength as a full back playing for the Hong Kong Football Club, when the Club was at its best and boasted such players as McCubbin, Hamilton, Jack Rogers, Chasels and others of note.

"I am very much disappointed that Mr. An Kit-sang is not here to-night. I can well remember him as a worthy football antagonist of Mr. Black in those days when the Chinese were coming into their own in the realm of football. I mention this because of the inevitable tussle that was bound to ensue between the two whenever the rival Clubs met, and you'll note neither of these gentlemen looks a bit the worse as a result of their youthful encounters."

"After an absence of five years, Mr. Black returned to the Colony in 1925 and renewed his activities in the local football world; this time more as a legislator and newspaper critic than as player. Neither of these callings can be said to be conducive to popularity yet, in spite of all adversity, we find that Mr. Black has outlived it all and is to-day the most popular figure in local football circles, as illustrated by this gathering to-night, met to show its appreciation of the goodly services he has rendered the great cause of football."

**Chinese Players.**  
On behalf of the Hong Kong Football Association, Mr. Dyer then presented a blackwood tray inscribed with silver designs emblematic of things Chinese to Mr. Black.

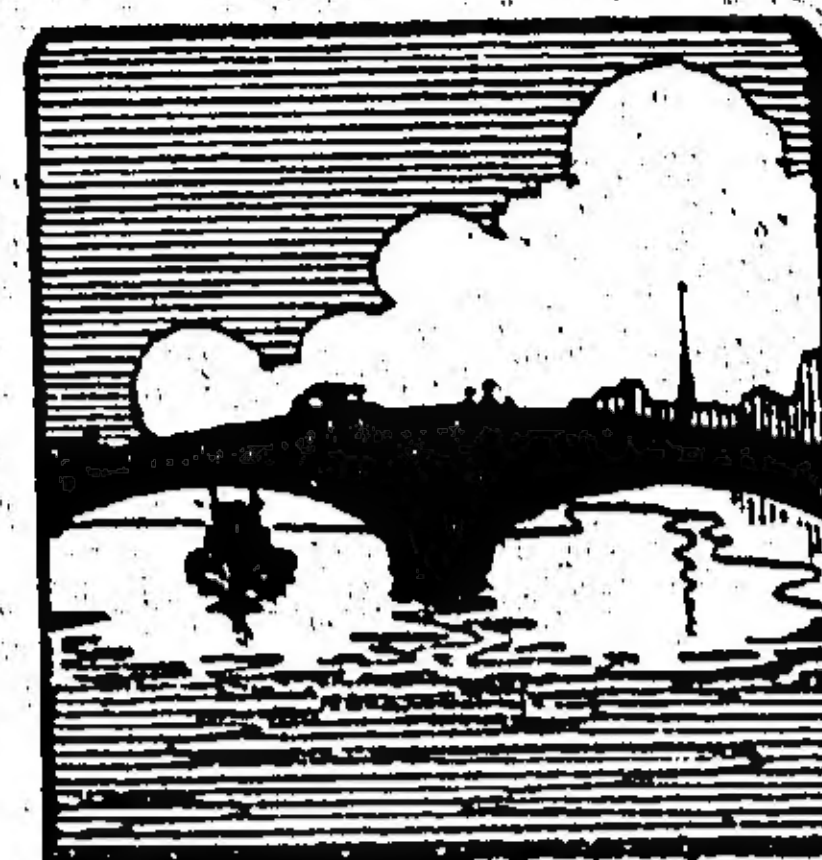
Speaking for Chinese "soccer" followers in the Colony, Mr. H. K. Lee said that that was the second time he had been called upon to bid "good-bye and good luck" to friends in the local football world. They had already lost one good friend in Mr. McCubbin, and now it was Mr. Black's turn to leave them. "I don't believe anyone realises how much we all owe to Mr. Black," he said. "In his sphere as player and legislator too, he has given us support and encouragement such as it is hard to express in mere words."

"To you European sportsmen football is only a game. To us it is something more than that. It expresses, in many ways, the new spirit of comradeship and sportsmanship that is spreading throughout China. Many of us have benefited by Mr. Black's kindness. Our feelings can best be summed up in very simple words—Thank you, Mr. Black."

**Mr. Black's Reply.**  
Mr. Black was greeted with applause upon rising to respond. "You have given me a difficult job to-night," he said, "and I am not at all sure that I deserve all the good things that have been said about me."

Mr. Black went on to review the growth of football in Hong Kong since his first games here in 1915. In particular he commented upon (Continued on next column.)

The mystery is still unsolved. Everybody concerned sticks to his own story. Twelve Soviet officials told as many different foreign officials and correspondents that Melnikoff never left Harbin until he went to Moscow, while a dozen non-Russian observers say the opposite.

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## H. K. V. D. C.

## PROMENADE CONCERT.

VOLUNTEER HEADQUARTERS

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16th at 9.15 P.M.

By THE BAND OF THE 2nd BATT'N. K.O.S.B.

(By kind permission of Major R. S. Lake, D.S.O., Commanding and The Officers)

THE CORPS BAND.

ADMISSION: \$1.00.

POPULAR PADRE AND  
SPORTSMAN.PRESENTATION TO THE REV.  
E. K. QUICK.

The Rev. E. K. Quick, who has been with St. Stephen's College, Hong Kong, for a number of years, is leaving for Shanghai by the President Lincoln on Tuesday morning.

Mr. Quick has been appointed to the Headmastership of the Cathedral School in Shanghai.

During his residence in Hong Kong, Mr. Quick has made hosts of friends in the scholastic and the sporting world. He is keen on all games, especially cricket, and has played regularly in Interport matches. He captained the victorious Hong Kong team against Shanghai in 1925.

His able teaching and kindly disposition have won him a very warm place in the hearts of past and present students of St. Stephen's, and all are extremely sorry that he is leaving.

Mr. Quick has been the guest at a number of farewell functions, all testifying to the very high esteem in which he is held.

The staff and students of the College presented Mr. Quick with a suitably inscribed silver tea service on a silver-mounted blackwood tray to mark their appreciation and best wishes.

We join in wishing Mr. Quick every success in his new work.

the enthusiasm with which the Chinese had taken up the game. He thought that the Club side of his day was perhaps the best side ever turned out in the Colony, and would have given any of the present-day teams a hard run. Football here, he thought, was better organised than ever before, and every club had its representative on the Council.

"I should like to suggest that the Association hold an annual dinner," he concluded, "to which all clubs would be invited, and trophies won during the season presented. I think this would be a better time to make such presentations than immediately after the game, as at present."

"I leave Hong Kong with great regret, and shall always remember the happy times I have had out here."

**Club's Memento.**  
On behalf of the Hong Kong Football Club Mr. C. W. E. Bishop presented to Mr. Black a case of pipes and a tobacco pouch with his monogram engraved thereon.

After Mr. Black had replied, Mr. Woodhouse paid him a tribute, speaking for himself and the other Vice-Presidents, the Hon. Dr. R. H. Kewell, C.M.G., LL.D.

Mr. Ormiston thanked those who had contributed to the entertainment.

During the evening, songs were given by Messrs. Bishop, Geaves and Hall, and the Symphonic Jazz Band played some excellent selections. The menu was as follows:—

**BLACK V. THE REST.**  
Team:—Hors d'Oeuvres: La Rodger; Tomato Cream Soup by F. W. Black; Fillet of Fish per J. McCubbin; Fillet of Beef in Aspic (McBride's Favourite); Snipe on Toast (Stewart's Weakness); Roast Saddle of Lamb (Watson's Long Suit); Hall's Potatoes; May's Marrow; Fruit Engage by George Dyer's Ice Cream; Bishop's Coffee; Reserves: James Port, Ormiston Brandy, White's Wine and Byron's Beer.

Colours: All Shades; Referee: Broadcaster; Linesmen: Rover and Short-Head.

GERMAN BOYS IN  
ENGLISH SCHOOL.AN EXPERIMENT AT  
CHATHAM.

Realising the value of the "direct method"—which attempts to set the learner at once in the atmosphere of the foreign language he is learning, and tries to make him think in the new language from the very start—two teachers, Dr. Ernst Schütte, of the Realschule-Altsiedl, Bremen, and Mr. George McWilliam, M.A., B.Sc. (Econ.), of the Chatham Junior Technical School, decided early this year to effect an exchange of pupils. Permission was readily given by the respective authorities. Dr. Schütte was to bring to England his highest class in English—all boys between 13 and 16 years of age—and these were for a period of three weeks to live in English homes and to take part in the ordinary curriculum of the Chatham School, including the sports. Mr. McWilliam was likewise to bring over to the Bremen School a similar party of boys who have been learning German. These, too, were to live in houses in Bremen and attend the Bremen School. To ensure a more certain measure of success, the two sets of boys were invited to correspond by letters. In this way they got to know each other, and each boy began to form some idea of the home he would be coming to.

The experiment was duly carried out. The Bremen boys arrived at Dover, where they were met by the Chatham teacher, Dover Castle and Pharos were visited before the party entrained for Chatham. At the station the German boys were promptly joined by their English comrades, who on their way to their respective homes manfully shouldered the luggage.

The headmaster, Mr. Keen, M.A., had arranged that one form should be divided into two and into each half were put nine of the eighteen German boys. The headmaster and staff of the school all generously showed themselves willing to co-operate in the experiment, even where it has meant that they work extra time. The Bremen boys were given note-books for use in the various lessons, and homework was asked of them also. Sight-seeing, of course, has not been neglected, but was strictly subordinate to the main purpose.

Each master has testified to the rapidity with which the boys have understood their lessons. Their ability to read English and their good grounding in mathematics were specially praised.

Apart from school, where they were undoubtedly making progress, these German lads learned much about English customs in the home, about our town life, etc. They are perfecting not only their English, but they are learning what England is. Their studies in English can no longer be merely bookish ones. English to them is henceforth a living tongue and England a place peopled with real human beings. And when they return with the Chatham boys to Bremen they will certainly take with them pleasant and lasting memories.



## CANTON GETTING ANGRY.

TIRED OF A SILLY PERSECUTION.

FOOLISH RESTRICTIONS.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, August 12.

The Government prohibition of the Maidens' Festival and the petty persecution inaugurated by the "Committee for the Amelioration of Customs and Manners," caused a brisk revival of interest in rites that were perhaps losing their hold on a bobbed hair cinema-lan young womanhood. The Chinese person's home is still his castle and behind locks and bolts which laughed at angry "Ameliorators" the age old rites were celebrated. However, the "uplift party" had their own way with the proprietors of theatres, opera houses, restaurants and roof gardens who were made to shut up shop and cancel their special programmes.

## WAR ON THE DEAD.

The "Ameliorators" are now turning their attention to another ancient celebration—the religious service for the Dead, held during the Seventh Moon. From time immemorial offerings have been made to the dead at this time—incense, spirit money, crackers and paper models of the things they used and were interested in while on earth. According to the egregious committee all this has got to stop and the bold "Ameliorators" have taken as their slogan "let the dead make their own livings or starve."

A big religious service had been arranged for next Saturday but the Committee is trying to prevent it and has taken the matter up with the authorities of the district.

Meanwhile people in Canton are getting angry. The Government has made promises to reform this and that to make Canton a model for the Far East, etc. Instead of getting on with the work they are wasting time interfering with religious customs and belief and undermining their own position by creating hostility. "Instead of encouraging a lot of cranks, busy-bodies and private axe-grinders, the Government ought to sit on them heavily," is the general opinion of the tea houses.

## CHEN MING SHU STILL IN CANTON.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

Canton, August 11.

Contrary to many reports, General Chen Ming Shu, head of the Civil Administration of Kwangtung, is still in Canton. He will not leave for Nanking until General Chen Tsai Tong has returned, which will be in about ten days from now. General Chen Tsai Tong is at present taking a brief holiday on the famous scenic West Lake not far from Shanghai. But he is expected here by August 20, when General Chen Ming Shu will leave for Nanking.

## \$1,000,000 in Ten-Cent Pieces.

The Canton Mint is preparing to issue \$1,000,000 in ten-cent pieces. At present the dearth of silver dimes is so great that a premium of \$20 on each hundred dollars worth is paid by money changers. Anything below twenty cents is usually dealt out in copper cash. But owing to the market being flooded with copper the present rate of exchange is 40 to a twenty-cent silver piece. This is a hardship on the people, especially the hawkers and peddlers. A lot of smuggling is going on and the value of the copper cash is steadily dropping. This form of money is being brought to Canton in huge quantities from Shikwan, Shanghai and other places where as many as 40 are given for a twenty-cent silver piece.

The authorities hope that the new issue will help to do away with copper entirely.

## LOK SUN'S MASTER REPRIMANDED.

SATURDAY'S COURT OF INQUIRY.

PRESIDENT AND CHINESE OFFICER.

The inquiry into the stranding of the s.s. Lok Sun was concluded on Saturday morning, the finding of the Court being that Capt. H. R. Edmondson committed an error of judgment in not laying a course further to the Eastward of Ling Ting Island. He was reprimanded.

The Hon. Commander C. F. Hole, R.N. (retired) presided, and the other members of the Court were Lieut. Comdr. L. G. Addington; Capt. Robert Hill (s.s. Phemius); Capt. Arthur Hall (s.s. Telemachus); and Capt. D. Lupton (s.s. Kwongchow).

Mr. Geo. K. Hall Brutton appeared for Capt. H. R. Edmondson and Mr. J. T. Prior, of Messrs. Wilkinsons & Grist, represented the owners.

Capt. Edmondson recalled, confirmed his previous statement that he had been on the Hong Kong-Singapore trip five times as the master of the Lok Sun and that each time he had taken exactly the same course after passing South Channel, i.e., S. 12 W. by compass. He was asked why there was an entry in his log showing that on a trip on May 18 he took S. 20 W. Witness replied that the entry was a mistake.

Comdr. Hole: You have mistakes like that in your fair log. I don't know how you do your other work! Capt. Hall (to witness): You say it came on hazy at 11.40. Were you certain of your position at that time?—Yes.

Is that why you did not anchor?—Well, I thought when we got further on the weather would clear.

Answering another question, witness said that tide at the time was about 14 knots West.

The President: Just before you struck what was it like?

Witness: It was hazy with continuous rain.

Did you see anything of Gauze Island?—I saw nothing.

Do you realise that if you were on S. 5 W. (true) as you say you were, you must have passed the Western side of Gauze Island?—Yes, I see that.

And on that course you must have passed the Westward of Ling Ting Island?—Yes.

And if you had been steering S. 12 W. (compass) that would have meant a three miles set between 11.30 and 12.30?—I see that now.

When you put the ship on to S. 5 W. (true) did you check the course?—Yes.

Witness was asked how he did that but his reply was "drowned" by the noise of passing motor cars.

Do you ever go to the steering compass to see whether the quarter-master was steering what you ordered?—Yes, very often.

What was he steering?—South 12 West.

What was his compass showing?—South 5 West, exactly the same as the standard compass.

I want to know what the compass was showing exactly?—185.

What is your opinion—did you pass the East or West of Gauze Island?—I must have passed the West of Ling Ting.

Which side of Gauze Island do you think you passed?—Same, the West.

Lieut. Comdr. Addington: You think you could have heard them?—If it was clear and I was close enough I might have. When 750 deck passengers are talking all the time you can't hear very much.

Capt. Lupton: What would you estimate the distance of your visibility at the time?—About a quarter of a mile.

Mr. Hall Brutton: When you were on the monkey bridge proceeding slowly, you saw that the course was S. 20 W. and you immediately altered that to S. 12 W.?—Yes.

Still proceeding slowly?—Yes.

Is that your usual course?—Yes. I found Green Island light was South, astern and I altered to S. 12 W.

## The Substitute Officer.

The Chinese who was acting as substitute for the second officer was then called. He said he was unemployed at present. On July 13 he was on the bridge of the Lok Sun with the Captain. Asked if he had been signed on the articles, witness replied that he had not.

Answering Comdr. Hole, witness gave details of the voyage, but began to make irrelevant statements. The President was unable to get answers to his questions and Mr. Brutton suggested that perhaps he might be allowed to lead the witness as the latter appeared to be nervous.

The President: He has got to give his story as I want it and not to relate his own little points. He has got to answer my questions.

To further questions by Comdr. Hole, witness made hesitating replies. Witness was asked what was the course of the ship after passing South Channel and replied that it was S. 12 W.

(Continued on next Column.)

## CORRESPONDENCE.

HONG KONG AND AVIATION.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS."]

Sir.—In fairness to the Colony, I should esteem it a favour if you could grant space to this letter. In your issue of 10th of August, you publish a short article entitled "What Canada is Doing in Aviation," written by Mr. Ralph A. Cooper, in which he outlines various aviation activities in Canada. In his penultimate paragraph, he refers to the spathy of the aircraft trade in England as regards sale of machines in Canada. I consider his criticism to be rather unfortunate because, it must be obvious to any thinking person that it is far easier for the American manufacturer to deliver his machine than it is for the British manufacturer. American machines can be flown across the border at a remarkably low cost, whilst the British machine must be transported from England by steamer, paying heavy freight duties.

Your correspondent goes on to say "Machines may be the attitude in Hong Kong, but it will do no harm for you Hong Kongites to read of what Canada is doing in the field of aviation, whilst Hong-Kong sleeps." In this particular case his remark is not only inaccurate, but it is most unfair. Hong Kong has already established an excellent commercial aerodrome, with one of the best slipways, for the operation of Seaplanes and Flying Boats, that can be built. Added to this, as is already well-known, the Seaplane Club is about to be started. Why your correspondent should consider that Hong Kong is asleep in aviation matters I fail to understand—Yours, etc.

R. VAUGHAN-FOWLER.

Hong Kong, Aug. 11.

Mr. Brutton suggested to the President that the witness should not be cross-examined. He suggested in view of the witness' difficulty in understanding the questions he should be asked what the compass showed—points or degrees? If the latter, what the degrees were. In all probability the witness could answer 185 like a shot.

Comdr. Hole: This witness is called by the Court and the Court is entitled to ask him what it like.

Mr. Brutton agreed but pointed out that he was only offering to help the Court.

Comdr. Hole: I am going to put my questions my own way, thank you, Mr. Brutton.

Witness after a good deal of questioning corroborated the Captain's story of the stranding.

Lieut. Comdr. Addington: Have you seen a compass marked from 0 to 360 degrees before?—No. I have not seen such a compass, but the chart has a compass marked like that.

Did the quarter-master appear to have any difficulty with this compass?—No.

Do you think that having heard the master say S. 12 W. you could have taken it for 312 degrees on the compass?—I did not make such a mistake.

Comdr. Hole: Did you see Ling Ting Island when you passed?—No.

Did you see any land at all before you struck?—No.

Mr. Hall Brutton: When you said that you had not seen a compass marked from 0 to 360 degrees before, you mean before you had seen this particular compass?—Yes.

And this is your second trip on the boat?—Yes.

So that you had a whole trip down to Singapore and back to get experience of the compass?—Yes.

The Court next desired to hear the quarter-master who was steering at the material time but was informed that the man had found employment in a Norwegian boat and was for the moment not available to the Court.

The Court then adjourned to consider the finding and at 12.30 announced the following:

We find that the s.s. Lok Sun Official No. 153555 of Hong Kong of which Mr. Herbert Robert Edmondson who holds Certificate of Competency as Master No. 007350 of Liverpool was Master proceeded on a voyage from Hong Kong to Singapore leaving Hong Kong at 11.3 p.m. on July 12 and that she grounded on a rock called Sa Mun San, south of Gauze Island, at 1 a.m. on July 14.

The course from Green Island was set S. 12 W. Compass (S. 14 W. True) and we are of the opinion that the master knowing that there was a west set of approximately 13 knots and that the weather was very hazy and visibility low committed an error in judgment in not laying a course further to the Eastward of Ling Ting Island.

We are of opinion that the actual grounding was caused by an abnormal set to the westward after passing Ling Ting Island.

We adjudge the master, Mr. Herbert Robert Edmondson to be reprimanded for his error of judgment.

## ROUND THE COURTS.

A BABY'S "CONTEMPT!"

MAGISTRATE GIVES THE MOTHER A CHANCE.

A country woman was before Mr. T. S. Whyte Smith at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday morning charged with possession of 10 counterfeit ten cent pieces Hong Kong currency. It was stated that the woman bought an article from a street stall and paid with a bad coin. She did the same thing the next day and was arrested by a district watchman who found \$1 worth of money in her possession.

Defendant said that she picked up the coins. Her baby girl which she carried in her arms disliked the surroundings of the Court and expressed herself appropriately.

His Worship remarked, after the baby's cries had died down, that he would not send her to jail on account of her baby. However, she would be severely punished if she were caught again with counterfeit coins.

Defendant was bound over in a bond of \$50 for six months.

## A BIG THEFT.

Describing the alleged offence as "a very big theft," Inspector Fallon prosecuted a 16-year-old house-boy before Mr. Whyte Smith for stealing a lady's fur coat worth \$100, a fur leather riding jacket valued at \$400, 19 ivory chopsticks a cooking outfit and three cane chairs, from 253 Nathan Road.

Inspector Fallon said that defendant's employer went to live in Macao but defendant slipped off the boat, and returning to the house pawned the above-mentioned belongings.

Defendant was later arrested by the Macao Police and handed over. He had pawned the whole lot for \$48.

His Worship remarked that it was very foolish of the pawnbrokers to buy the articles from accused and that they could have been charged with receiving stolen goods.

Remarking that corporal punishment might do him good, His Worship ordered the defendant to receive 12 strokes with the cane and the property to be restored to the owner, without compensation to the pawnbrokers.

STREET CRYING IN KOWLOON TONG.

A Chinese hawker was fined \$2 by Mr. Whyte Smith for crying out his wares in Kowloon Tong. The Indian constable informed His Worship that defendant was shouting "mai tung kwa" (buy water melon).

FIGHT ON J.C.J.L. BOAT.

The three Chinese who are being charged with assaulting a boarding-house runner on board the J.C.J.L. s.s. Tjitaroom a few weeks ago were again before Mr. Whyte Smith. The case was adjourned till Tuesday for hearing; Dr. T. P. Woo, having informed His Worship in writing that he would be able to give evidence that day.

FILIPINO ASSAULT CASE.

Further evidence was heard, behind closed doors, in the case in which Louis Oliva is charged with indecently assaulting a married Filipino woman and assaulting her husband at their home in Granville Road.

The hearing was again adjourned.

ATTEMPTED GAOL ESCAPE.

INGENIOUS METHOD NOT DISCLOSED.

A Chinese charged with attempting to escape from Victoria Gaol was sentenced to four months' hard labour by Mr. E. W. Hamilton on Saturday.

The Press were requested not to publish details of the attempt for Mr. E. W. Hamilton said: "The gentleman concerned in the case has found a very ingenious means to escape, which in the public interests, it is not advisable to disclose."

The prisoner, whose attempt to escape was frustrated, was serving a sentence of four months' hard labour for breach of the opium ordinance.

A second man was before His Worship on a charge of aiding and abetting in the attempted escape. His case was remanded to enable the authorities to make inquiries.

## "THE COHENS AND THE KELLYS."

ADVENTURES IN ATLANTIC CITY.

YOUTH AND CRABBED AGE IN BUSINESS.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

Cohen and Kelly have come to Hong Kong again and were given a good welcome at the Queen's yesterday. In "The Cohens and the Kellys in Atlantic City" we see the partners, as joint owners of a moribund business in bathing suits. Pat Kelly and Rosie Cohen of the younger generation determine to put the business on its feet again, and in order to carry out their plans, send their fathers off "on the road." Then youth begins to spend other people's money, always a delightful occupation especially when done in a spirit of instruction and benevolence. The warehouse is transformed into something which looks to British eyes, like a cross between a night club and a music hall, and a beauty competition is planned for Atlantic City. The prize is to be the last \$10,000 remaining to the firm.

Some of the scenes are good and original, and there is plenty of variety and amusement all the way through the film. It seems a pity to have used so many chapters for amusing as some of them are, they add to the length of the film without adding very much to the effect. However I enjoyed seeing friends Cohen and Kelly again and laughed much at their absurd troubles. I recommend you to go and do likewise.

WEST POINT MURDER.

VICTIM'S FELLOW LODGER ARRESTED.

Lo Kan, a Chinese sandal-wood worker living on the 3rd floor of No. 138, Second Street, West Point, was murdered at the above address at 5.30 a.m. yesterday morning by, it is alleged, a man called Yam Yai Hang, who was arrested by the Police on the premises very soon after the crime was committed.

The victim received a deep cut in the throat inflicted, it is said, by a chopper and a chisel. He died on the way to the Government Civil Hospital. The motive of the crime has not been revealed. The accused who shared lodgings with the victim will be charged tomorrow at the Central Magistracy.

STILL BETTER WATER SUPPLY WANTED.

COMPLAINTS ABOUT RIDER MAIN SERVICE.

The Chinese Chamber of Commerce and the Directors of the Tung Wah Hospital have received a large number of complaints from tenants in the rider main districts to the effect that they are worse off now (as P.W.D. officials warned them they would be) with a two-hour main supply than when the fountains were turned on for twelve hours a day.

Inhabitants of the upper floors in many cases find it hard to get a turn at the single tap situated on the ground floor and have to go to such street fountains as are still functioning. The cry is, however, not "back to the fountains" but on to a four-hour daily supply through the mains.

The Chamber of Commerce is asking the Chinese members of the Legislative Council to take the matter up with the authorities.

EUROPEAN POLICE OFFICER CHARGED.

ALLEGED BRIBERY.

Lance-Sergeant John Charles Watton of the Water Police was charged before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith at Kowloon Magistracy on Saturday with receiving four bribes while on duty on No. 9 Police Launch in the waters of the Colony on August 4, 5 and 6.

The bribes amounting to \$27, were alleged to have been received from fishing boat people. Defendant is also charged with misconducting himself as a police officer.

More Charges?

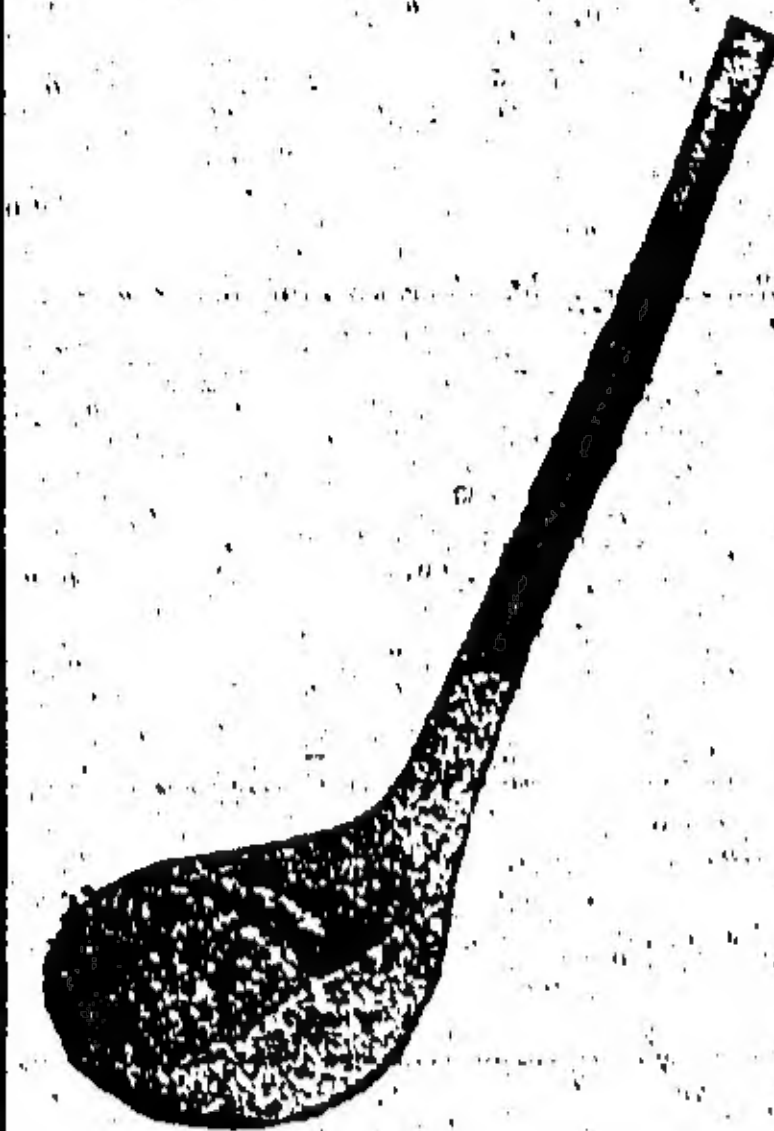
Mr. D. Burlingham, D.S.P., Kowloon, prosecuted and asked His Worship for a week's formal remand. He wished to consult with the Crown's legal advisers and remarked that there would probably be more charges against accused.

He suggested a bail of \$1,000. Defendant was allowed to draw the money from the Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank under police escort, where he said he had it on fixed deposit.

A week's remand was granted.

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have greater power and accuracy if you use the right club.



We have just received fresh stocks of the following Woods:—

WALTER HAGEN  
JACK WHITE &  
RANGE FINDER.

## JACK WHITE'S MATCHED SETS

3 WOODS ... .. \$50  
6 IRONS—RUSTLESS...\$75

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POPULAR TABLE GRAND

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NEW COLUMBIA  
PIANO-REFLEX  
TONE ARM

NEW COLUMBIA No. 9 SOUND BOX  
IN OAK ... \$110—IN MARQUET ... \$125  
Less 10% Discount for Cash.

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The Neverbreak Wardrobe Trunks are the best known trunks in the world and offer the utmost value

Full Size... \$150.00  
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Also just received an entirely new line of Hand Wardrobes (a short trip requires just such luggage). Note below the Packing List:—

4 Suits	6 Ties
1 Extra Fr. Trousers	12 Collars
1 Fr. Golf Knicker	12 Fr. Hose
1 Pair Golf Shoes	12 Handkerchieves
1 Lounge Robe	2 Fr. Shoes
6 Suits Underwear	1 Toilet Case
3 Fr. Pyjamas	6 Shirts

Price: \$55.00.

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HONG KONG, KOWLOON,  
CANTON.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

### NOTICE.

THE Interest and Responsibility of  
MRS. CHOW KEE and HO  
SUI, formerly Partners in the Firm of  
CHUNG LEE & CO., carrying on Business  
as BUILDING CONTRACTORS  
at No. 113, WINGHAY ROAD, ceased on  
the 28th July, 1929.

CHUNG LEE & CO.,  
LI SHU KAIHONG KONG TRAMWAYS,  
LIMITED.

A N INTERIM DIVIDEND of  
Five Cents Per Share has been  
declared Payable on TUESDAY, 27th  
AUGUST 1929, on and after which  
date Dividend Warrants may be  
obtained upon application at the  
Registered Office of the Company,  
CANAL ROAD EAST, HONGKONG, HONG  
KONG.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that the REGISTER OF MEMBERS  
of the Company will be CLOSED from  
TUESDAY, 13th AUGUST to MON-  
DAY, 26th AUGUST, 1929, Both Days  
inclusive.

By Order of the Board,  
W. F. SIMMONS,  
Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 6th Aug., 1929. [8203]KWANG TUNG ELECTRIC  
SUPPLY CO., LTD.

### TENDERS

THE above Company is open to  
receive TENDERS up to SEPT-  
EMBER 15th, 1929, for a Diesel  
Electric Station.  
Specifications can be obtained by  
applying to the Company's EN-  
GINEERING DEPARTMENT. [8201]

### "PEAK MANSIONS."

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Walk from the Tram Station and  
overlooking the Southern Side of the  
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APARTMENTS  
with all Modern Conveniences, Drying  
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Light and Water.

Apply to—  
CREDIT FONCIER  
DETREME-ORIENT,  
4th FLOOR, FRANCES BARR BUILDING.

### WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, fore-  
cast and remarks, issued by the  
Royal Observatory at 3.20 p.m.,  
stated:—

Pressure remains highest in the  
Pacific to the east of the Bonins.  
The typhoon is now to the north of  
Formosa, moving N.

Local Forecast:—S.W. winds,  
moderate to fresh, cloudy, some  
local thunder-showers.

Manila, August 11, 9.30 a.m.—  
Cyclone or typhoon near or over  
Northern Formosa, moving N. or  
N.N.E.

Editorial and Business Offices: 11,  
Ice House Street. Tel. Central  
12.

Night Editor (Wanchai Office):  
Tel. Central 4311.

London Office: 21, Bride Lane,  
Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

## The Daily Press

HONG KONG, AUGUST 12, 1929.

### THE NEW GERMANY.

YESTERDAY was the tenth anniver-  
sary of an event which eleven years  
ago would have been considered by  
many an impossible development.  
The abdication of the German Em-  
peror in November, 1918, was im-  
mediately followed by the armistice.  
The Government of Germany was  
taken over by the Council of the  
People's Commissioners, and in the  
following January elections, were  
held to a National Assembly on the  
basis of universal male and female  
suffrage. In February, 1919, the  
first President of the Weimar Repu-  
blic was elected at Weimar, and in July  
this assembly adopted the Constitu-  
tion of the Republic. On August 11  
the Constitution was promulgated,  
and to-day the tenth anniversary  
of this historic event is being cele-  
brated. For more than ten years  
the ex-Emperor has been an exile  
in Holland, and there he is likely  
to remain, in spite of the fact that  
he is now free to enter Germany if  
he desires. That he should so choose  
is unlikely, for the Hohenzollerns  
are no more popular to-day than  
they were ten years ago. There are  
a few Royalists still to be found in  
the German Republic, as there are  
in the neighbouring Republic of  
France, but politically they are a  
negligible quantity, as is the ex-  
Emperor himself.

The German Constitution is the  
most modern combination of demo-  
cratic institutions to be found in  
operation anywhere in the world.  
It is an ingenious and practical  
adaptation of British and American  
political principles, modified in  
such a way as to meet the require-  
ments of the economic and social  
necessities of the country. The pre-  
dominant position of Prussia was  
taken away and the form of Govern-  
ment in the eighteen States federated  
in the union is uniformly re-  
publican, with electoral systems as  
democratic as can be devised. The  
Constitution declares all German  
citizens to be equal before the law,  
and all the old privileges and dis-  
abilities rising from birth, class,  
or creed have been swept away. In  
short, a new Germany has been  
created, and what may be called a  
"new German" is coming into  
being. The exile at Doorn still per-  
sists in maintaining what is regard-  
ed as his proper dignity, and the  
clicking of heels can be heard as of  
old when he receives his friends "in  
state," but the plain citizen can take  
his walk along Unter den Linden  
nowadays without fear of being  
knocked off his feet for not showing  
proper respect for the Imperial  
uniform. The "typical" German  
of twenty years ago is rapidly dis-  
appearing, and in his place is to  
be found a man capable of taking  
much broader views than his father  
would have considered either proper  
or patriotic.

Some time ago an interesting  
lecture was given in London by Dr.  
WILLIAM ROSE, of King's College,  
on the new Germany and its people.  
The lecturer contended that Faust,  
not the baroque figure who ap-  
pears in the popular opera, but as  
depicted by Goethe—could be taken

as representing the typical German.  
The essence of the German nature  
was to get at the nature of things,  
to come to grips with life and the  
universe. The German, however,  
combined provincialism with a lack  
of cosmopolitanism. The German  
defeat in the war was due, to a  
great extent, to the inadequacy of  
the German character as seen in its  
provincialism, for the Germans had  
been unable to carry into practice  
the political ideas of the ruling  
class, in so far as impressing their  
culture on other nations was con-  
cerned. Even as early as 1914 voices  
had been raised against war, and  
by 1918 the revolt against mili-  
tarism was definitely noticeable.  
The post-war literature of Germany  
has many striking features, the  
chief of which are a keen compas-  
sion with suffering humanity, a  
hatred of war, a strong idealism, a  
hope in the reconstruction of Euro-  
pean civilisation on a new basis, a  
revolt against the mechanical forces  
which held civilisation and threaten-  
ed to overwhelm it, and the desire  
of the younger generation of Ger-  
mans to begin life afresh and not  
to carry on the tradition of its  
predecessors. The Germans, in  
short, are groping in the dark for  
a new outlook on life. Their new  
ideals are vague, but they want to  
break definitely with the past.  
They are moving towards a fresh  
realism and a closer touch with life.

Anglo-German relations to-day are  
most cordial, and there is no reason  
to anticipate that this happy state  
of affairs will not continue undis-  
turbed. Naturally enough, there  
persists in Germany a strong feel-  
ing of resentment at certain para-  
graphs and phrases in the Peace  
Treaty, but it is fully recognised  
that in all the dreary negotiations  
concerning reparations and other  
problems arising out of that Treaty,  
Great Britain is inspired by no  
ulterior motive. It is not the  
British manner to perpetuate the  
angry and bitter feelings aroused  
by war. Germany has carried out  
all the conditions upon which the  
Allies insisted. Through the League  
of Nations and the Locarno Treaty  
she has co-operated with her former  
enemies in the cause of inter-  
national peace. That this tenth  
anniversary of the Constitution  
should come in the midst of another  
angry disagreement about repara-  
tions is not the fault of Germany.  
Dr. STRESEMANN accepted the scheme  
which is now the subject of discus-  
sion at the Hague, believing that  
it was more acceptable to Germany  
than the Dawes plan. The issue  
which has to be decided now is not  
Germany's willingness or ability to  
pay reparations, but Britain's right  
to protest against being called upon  
to make further heavy sacrifices for  
the benefit of fellow-creditors.

### News and Views.

One Chinese case of small-pox  
was notified on Friday last.

The Government Gazette states  
that persons intending to fly British  
Aircraft over Dutch East Indian  
Territories should communicate  
their intentions to the British Con-  
sular Representative at the place  
nearest to their intended destina-  
tion. At least five days notice  
should be given.

The Government Gazette contains  
a full list of Justices of the Peace.  
New names in the unofficial list  
are the following:—Mr. A. E.  
Arculli, Mr. L. C. F. Bellamy, Mr.  
P. S. Cassidy, Mr. C. Champlin,  
Mr. G. E. Haslam, Mr. J. E.  
Joseph, Mr. B. L. Lewis, Mr. L.  
N. Murphy, Mr. S. H. Ross, Mr.  
Tang Shiu Kin, Mr. A. H. White,  
Mr. B. Wyle.

The Soviet Chamber of Com-  
merce has accepted an invitation to  
contribute a permanent Russian ex-  
hibition to the Commercial Museum  
of the Philadelphia Chamber of  
Commerce. Plans for this exhibi-  
tion include a selection of raw  
materials and finished goods from  
all parts of the "Soviet Union,"  
and exhaustive statistical material  
about Russian internal and for-  
eign trade. A special section will  
deal with the possibilities of Rus-  
sia for American tourists.

On Friday evening next a pro-  
menade concert will be given at the  
Volunteer Headquarters by the  
band of the K.O.S.B. 2nd Batta-  
lion. The concert will commence  
at 9.15.

Imperial Airways announce that  
children in arms will be carried free  
in air liners on the new route to  
India. As the journey from  
London occupies eight days,  
mothers with very young children  
are not likely to accept the offer  
except in cases of emergency. But  
the first baby in arms to be carried  
free on the India air route, will  
certainly be remembered as a no-  
table pioneer.

British Columbia will have more  
automobiles per capita than any  
province in Canada by the end of  
this year, according to figures pre-  
pared by the provincial police.  
With 82,378 cars in operation now,  
as compared with 15,370 10 years  
ago, the Province should have a  
total of 100,000 motor vehicles of  
all kinds by the end of the year.  
This will be one for every six per-  
sons in the population.

The prediction that "plastic  
films" will supplant talking pic-  
tures within two years was made  
recently by R. E. Jeffrey, sound  
production expert of the British  
International Pictures Company.  
Jeffrey, writing in the *Evening  
Standard*, said:—"Plastic films"  
which will give the third dimension  
will be developed to the extent that  
by 1931 they will replace talking  
pictures in moving picture houses.

A new record for divers has been  
established by two U.S. navy  
torpedo men who, equipped only  
with mechanical "lungs" to permit  
breathing under water, withstood a  
pressure of 155 pounds in a special-  
ly constructed diving tank. This  
pressure is equivalent to a depth  
of 233 feet, which compares with  
the mark of 306 feet reached in  
helmets and diving suits in 1913  
while salvaging the American sub-  
marine F-4 off Honolulu.

### The Golden Snake.

A poor peasant of Lo Wu village  
in Fuyuen district, says a Chinese  
paper, was working one day in his  
rice field when he saw a small  
snake about two feet long. He  
struck at it with his hoe but it  
eluded him and made off down a  
hole in a bank. The peasant started  
to dig the reptile out and his  
hoe presently hit something hard.  
Clearing away the earth he found  
a large earthen jar and when he  
broke it open he discovered that it  
was filled with gold. The poor  
peasant is now worth over \$100,000.  
—Who says now that "fairy tales  
don't happen nowadays."

### Secret Publicity.

On Friday last a meeting was  
held of the Sanitary and Publicity  
Sub-Committee of the Water Em-  
ergency Committee. The business  
agenda for discussion related to a  
scheme for using sea-water for fire-  
fighting, flushing, and street clean-  
ing. For reasons unknown to us,  
no intimation was given to the  
*Daily Press* by this Publicity Com-  
mittee of its intention to discuss  
this important matter, and conse-  
quently no representative of this  
journal attended the proceedings.  
It is really the desire of the  
Sanitary and Publicity Committee  
that publicity be given to its ac-  
tivities, it should notify the Press  
of its arrangements for public  
debate and invite the attendance of  
a reporter.

### Foreign Interests in Russia.

Through a series of "technical  
aid" contracts with foreign firms,  
the Soviet Government is making  
increasing use of European and  
American industrial technique. By  
April 1, 56 such contracts had been  
concluded. Germany, with 25, took  
the lead, and the United States,  
with 15, second place. The other  
contracts included 9 with French  
firms, 3 with English, and 3 with  
Swedish organizations. Fifteen of  
the foreign firms provide technical  
leadership in the metal industry;  
11 in the chemical industry; 11 in  
the field of electrification; 5 in min-  
ing. The Moscow *Journal Trade  
and Industry* complains that the  
country is not getting maximum  
value from these investments. Of  
28 contracts which have gone far  
enough so that they can be judged,  
only 17 may be considered satis-  
factory, it asserts. Five it terms  
"entirely sick," and others are  
merely slow in tempo. The fault  
is not always with the foreign  
specialists, it admits, but with the  
failure of the Soviet trusts to make  
proper use of them.

Rubber seeds intended for Mr.  
Henry Ford's plantation in the  
State of Para were confiscated in  
transit by the Government of the  
State of Amazonas. The Supreme  
Court of Brazil has upheld the  
right of the State to confiscate rub-  
ber seeds in transit through its  
territory. The stocks confiscated  
were housed at Manaus Harbour  
for shipment to the plantation of  
the Ford Industrial Company. The  
decision of the Court is a set-back  
to Mr. Ford's project to establish  
a vast rubber plantation in the  
State of Para.

At Chilton Candover, in Hamp-  
shire, the Rev. E. P. Gough has  
found an underground church  
measuring about 30 feet by 11 feet,  
of which local legend has often told,  
but the exact whereabouts of which  
was unknown. Knowing the legends  
of the neighbourhood about an un-  
derground church of historic times,  
the Rev. Mr. Gough decided to ex-  
cavate on the site of the former  
church. He came upon flint  
walls and a bell-shaped roof, also  
made of flint. Although much  
smaller than the church which stood  
above it, the underground church  
was exactly the same in proportion.

A motorist of Southbridge, Mass.,  
discovered recently while on a trip  
between Sturbridge and Union  
Conn., that in going over a straight  
piece of highway less than 500 feet  
long, he passed through eight polit-  
ical jurisdictions, involving two  
states, three countries and three  
towns, the boundary lines between  
all of which at this point are all  
straight. The trip took about 10  
seconds. The states are Massachusetts,  
Vermont and New Hampshire; the  
countries are France, Canada, and  
New Brunswick; and the towns are  
Sturbridge and Holland in  
Massachusetts.

The brief sojourn in Germany of  
Yoshio Ota, Japan's Davis Cup  
luminary, which terminates with  
the German National Championship  
at Hamburg, has proved the most  
successful tour he has ever  
made in Europe. Competing in the  
Düsseldorf tournament, he reached  
the finals, only to be beaten in a  
close match by Jean Borotra, of  
France, 4-6, 6-4, 6-3 and 6-4. He  
won, however, the President Hin-  
denburg Cup, by beating P. Fort-  
schheim in the finals, 6-4, 3-6, 4-6,  
6-2, and, pairing with Maier,  
a Spaniard, won the doubles match  
against the German pair, Guss and  
Forthheim, 8-7, 6-4 and 6-3.

### Women Waitresses on Liners.

Women waitresses will replace all  
dining-room stewards on Grace  
Line boats, the company announced  
in New York recently. A start on  
the new system was made on July  
20, when fourteen comely young  
women took the jobs vacated by  
men. The change will be effective  
on other Grace Line ships later  
"sending by the board one of the  
oldest traditions of transoceanic  
passenger service." In common  
with other United States shipping  
lines, the Grace Line officials have  
complained that the legal necessity  
of having at least 50 per cent.  
American citizens in their crews  
has worked a hardship because of  
the higher wages it is necessary to  
pay United States seamen and  
stewards. Formerly the Grace  
boats employed many Chinese  
stewards. H. H. Gallison, execu-  
tive of the line, said that it was  
his experience that "passengers  
preferred to be served by neat and  
personable young women rather  
than by masculine attendants."

### A Wife's Working Hours.

The average housewife works  
more hours a week than the factory  
girl, and most of her working hours  
are spent getting the regular three  
meals a day and washing the dishes  
afterward. This revelation is the  
result of an investigation conducted  
by Mrs. Hildegard Kneeland,  
of the U.S. Agriculture Depart-  
ment's Bureau of Home Economics.  
The Bureau's survey covered 2,000  
women in various localities—farm-  
ers' wives, city dwellers and women  
in small towns. One thousand of the  
women work more than 48 hours a  
week. Six hundred work more than  
56 hours. Fifteen hundred work  
more than 48 hours and the average  
for the two thousand is 61 hours.  
Moreover, cooking, buying food  
and washing dishes was the job  
that took most of their time. If a  
woman reported working 48 hours  
a week, she added that at least 24  
of the hours were spent in food  
buying and preparation. House-  
cleaning took less time. The aver-  
age woman could get by with sweep-  
ing, dusting and washing windows  
only eight hours of the week. She  
spent almost a full day washing and  
ironing. She mended for nearly  
two hours and sewed for nearly  
five hours. Farm women, as might  
be expected, did most of the over-  
time work. Their weekly time ran  
up to 68 hours. But women in  
small towns—2,500 to 50,000—re-  
ported an average of 51 hours per  
week, and in cities of over 50,000  
the average total was reduced to  
49 hours. "In view of all these  
figures," the American housewife is  
still far from a "lady of leisure,"  
Miss Kneeland said.

The famous Luttrell Psalter, one  
of the finest English medieval  
manuscripts, has been bought pri-  
vately by an anonymous purchaser  
for the British Museum, where it  
has been on loan for many years.  
It is understood that the price paid  
was £30,000. The manuscript dates  
from 1340, and contains over 300  
leaves lavishly illustrated in colours  
and gold. Its acquisition was an-  
nounced at a book sale in London  
at which £23,000 was paid for the  
Bedford Book of Hours by Messrs.  
Quaritch, the well-known dealers,  
who are holding it for eventual  
purchase by the British Museum.  
The price paid for the book, which  
dates from the fifteenth century, is  
the highest ever paid for any book  
or manuscript.

Great public interest has been  
shown in the decision of the Aus-  
tralian Commonwealth Government  
to organize and equip an expedi-  
tion to the Antarctic under the  
leadership of Sir Douglas Mawson.  
Several large donations have been  
received toward the cost of the ex-  
pedition, the largest being from  
MacPherson Robertson, a confec-  
tionary manufacturer of Melbourne,  
who has contributed £10,000. In  
acknowledging the gift of "Mr.  
MacRobertson," as he prefers to be  
called, the Prime Minister said that  
this magnificent gift should induce  
patriotic citizens to support the  
expedition in such a manner as to  
enable Sir Douglas Mawson to  
proceed on his mission with the  
latest and best equipment for car-  
rying out the many and varied  
aims which it was hoped would be  
achieved.

Proof that colours can be trans-  
mitted by television has been given  
by Dr. Herbert Ives in the Bell  
Laboratories at Washington. The  
test was made recently on a screen  
about the size of a postage stamp,  
and was carried over the wires in-  
stead of a radio. Located about a  
hundred feet from the transmitter,  
the screen produced a flag, a piece  
of watermelon, and a vase of roses  
perfectly. Dr. Ives explained the  
process as follows:—"The object  
which is to be transmitted is scan-  
ned by a beam of bright light  
while three sets of electrical eyes  
(photo-electric cells) are arranged  
so as to transmit current corre-  
sponding to the amount of primary  
colour, red, blue or green. At the  
receiver three tubes form images  
corresponding in brightness and  
colour to what the electrical eyes at  
the sending machine see. A system  
of mirrors combines the three im-  
ages on the receiving screen."

Fortune has favoured M. F.  
Bramley, a Cleveland magnate, in  
his quest of a sunken island in the  
Pacific, for which he set out in his  
yacht last February. News of  
Bramley's success reached friends  
recently. A letter to John H. Cox,  
Commander of the Cleveland Yacht-  
ing Association, revealed definitely  
that Bramley had found the island,  
which he claimed he had visualized  
in a dream. The letter said Bram-  
ley had purchased from the Govern-  
ment a large concrete boat to  
sink on the reef as filler for his  
island. Bramley's sunken island is  
said to be located in the Pacific 100  
miles from San Diego, and 100  
miles from San Pedro. The locality  
is known to seamen as Cortes  
Shoals. The island is said to be  
in water from 40 to 60 fathoms  
deep. A large area of rocks, how-  
ever, comes within 10 or 15 feet of  
the surface. Reports indicated that  
Bramley will construct a break-  
water and pump it full of sand  
from the ocean bed to fill in the  
island.

### Polyglot Policemen.

Englishmen have been rather apt  
to turn up their noses at the Paris  
policemen. They have compared  
him unfavourably in physique,  
smartness, and readiness to play  
the guide, philosopher, and friend  
with his London counterpart. But  
the Paris policeman is coming on.  
If he failed in the role of guide,  
philosopher, and friend with the  
average tourist, it was not very  
surprising, since the Paris police-  
man and the average tourist are  
blankly ignorant of each other's  
languages. But Mr. Chapppe, the  
present Paris Prefect of Police, a  
Corsican, who has brought quite  
Napoleonic energy to bear on his  
administrative duties, has deter-  
mined that foreign visitors shall no  
longer be left at the mercy of touts  
and taxi-drivers, and he has now  
a whole corps of "agents inter-  
pretes." M. Chapppe has just had  
a parade of his brigade of linguists.  
There are now, it is stated, five  
hundred of them, who speak flu-  
ently English, German, Spanish, and  
Italian. Some of them are ac-  
quainted with other languages also,  
and one is able to speak eight  
languages. The credit for this  
power to grapple with the confu-  
sion of tongues in a great capital  
goes to Professor Couffo, who has  
his own method of modern language  
teaching. Visitors to Paris this  
summer will be able to test its  
efficiency.

### The Australian Labour Delegates.

Their negotiations with the  
Japanese authorities in Tokyo  
through the British Consulate-  
General at Kobe regarding the  
question of their landing in Japan  
having failed, the three Australian  
Labour delegates—Messrs. F. Roels,  
George Hannett, and F. Walsh—  
sailed for Shanghai by the Shang-  
hai Maru on July 27. The three  
Australians arrived at Kobe by the  
Kaga Maru on July 25 on their way  
to Vladivostok, where the Pacific  
Labour Conference, under the aus-  
pices of the Third International of  
Moscow, is being held. On their  
arrival at Kobe the authorities ac-  
cording to instructions from the Home  
Office, in Tokyo, prohibited their  
landing. It seems that the Aus-  
tralian delegates originally intend-  
ed to land at Hong Kong and  
proceed to Vladivostok through  
China, but as they feared difficulty  
as a result of the prevailing situa-  
tion between China and Russia,  
they altered their plan, deciding to  
go via Suruga after landing at  
Kobe. They thus managed to get  
passports via the Japanese  
Consulate at Manila. The fact that  
the travellers did not have their  
passports valid at the Japanese Con-  
sulate at Sydney seemed to increase  
the difficulty of their landing in  
Japan.

### The Soldier as Showman.

The British army is rapidly  
establishing for itself an interna-  
tional reputation for showman-  
ship—not, fortunately, its only re-  
putation. The "tournaments" and  
tattoos, which grow in number and  
elaboration every year, are train-  
ing actors and "stunt" perfor-  
mers whose displays leave those of  
many professionals far behind.  
The Aldershot Tattoo, the most  
spectacular show of its kind in the  
world, was a great success, as  
usual, and the Southern Command  
is carrying out yet another tattoo,  
hardly less elaborate, at Tidworth  
from August 3 to 8. The Aldershot  
affair is timed to attract the Asot  
crowd. Similarly, Tidworth hopes  
to fill its great natural arena with  
holiday-makers from the south coast  
towns and from Cowes. The Cor-  
corans in uniform who manage  
these things promised some exciting  
events, such as the wild behaviour  
of motor dispatch-riders, who will  
be seen crashing into the arena over  
springboards, leaping high into the  
air, and then rushing about doing  
extraordinary stunts. There will  
be a slave-raiding expedition staged  
in an African village, the  
raiders being very conclusively  
depicted, from existence by British  
bombs and shells, and by way of  
contrast an historical parade of  
great captains of the past, follow-  
ed by a march of "Old Contem-  
pibles."

### Looking Back 25 Years.

A correspondent asks us to draw  
attention to what he considers to  
be a grievance in relation to the  
conditions attending the running  
of the tram. The other evening,  
he says, he boarded a car at Arsenal  
Street in company with several  
friends, and he desired to travel  
third-class. But he was told by a  
European in charge of the terminus  
that he could not travel third-class  
even although he wanted to. That  
is to say, the European is excluded  
from travelling in the Chinese com-  
partment, yet the Chinese can travel  
in the first-class part of the car; or,  
the Chinese have got a place re-  
served specially for themselves, but  
the Europeans have not. To a  
European who has forgotten his  
purse or who happened to have  
Chinese friends travelling third-  
class this rule, he thinks, must  
appear very hard. No such restric-  
tions apply to the Star Ferry  
launches. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*,  
August 12, 1904.

### Looking Back 50 Years.

The Harbour-Master's report for  
the year 1878 is terse and contains  
little beyond statistics. Mr. McEuen  
has confined himself almost entirely  
to a narration of actual facts, and  
with the exception of a notable de-  
cline in the junk trade recorded,  
there is not much in the report  
calling for comment. It may be as-  
well, however, to point out that the  
increase shown in the shipping can-  
not be accepted as proof of an  
increase in trade. As a matter of  
fact, an unusually large number of  
vessels cleared from this port in  
ballast, and freights were so low  
as to be absolutely unremunerative,  
tonnage being so plentiful in  
the port. There are, unfortunately,  
at present no means of procuring  
reliable returns of the trade of  
Hong Kong. Had such existed we  
fear that there would have been  
little cause for congratulation on  
the results for 1878. Moreover, it  
has to be considered that for the  
past two or three years a great pro-  
portion of the trade has been of a  
character that yields little, if any  
profit to the merchants. The pros-  
perity of the Colony may be made  
out on paper by statistics, but the  
residents know only too well how  
hollow is the show thus created.  
Never, probably, have things been  
in a less satisfactory condition, and  
it is right that this fact should be  
borne in mind when His Excellency  
the Governor is drawing his Batten-  
berg pictures of the progress of the  
Colony. —*Hong Kong Daily Press*,  
August 12, 1878.



## MR. SNOWDEN HUSTLES THE HAGUE.

NOT THERE "FOR REST OF HIS LIFE."

FRENCH PRIDE DEEPLY WOUNDED.

## LONG TALK RESTORES HARMONY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 9. There has been talk of Mr. Ramsay MacDonald making a dramatic appearance at the Hague Conference in the hope of settling the difficulties occasioned by Britain's determined resistance to the adoption of the Young Plan in its present form.

An interview secured with the Premier's Secretary at Lonsmouth, however, revealed that this is most unlikely. He said that Mr. MacDonald had received no information of the conference, and was, therefore, unable to comment on Mr. Snowden's declaration.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald was hurriedly recalled from a golf function at Lonsmouth yesterday evening on "urgent business," which the papers connect with The Hague crisis.

An aeroplane was ordered for Lonsmouth this morning from Leuchars Aerodrome, Fife, to convey Mr. Ramsay MacDonald to Edinburgh.

Meanwhile Sir Horace Wilson is going to Edinburgh from Manchester to meet the Prime Minister to discuss the cotton situation with him.

Mr. MacDonald's Conference.

LONDON, Aug. 11. Before flying back to Lonsmouth last night after the cotton conference, Mr. MacDonald conferred with Mr. Norman, Governor of the Bank of England, and Mr. Lamont, the American banker, who was a member of the Young Committee.

M. Briand Concerned.

PARIS, Aug. 10. In a statement to French journalists this evening, M. Briand said he believed that although the situation was serious, there must be a remedy somewhere. He emphasized that five of the six Powers were in favour of the Young Plan and he did not think that a single Power would assume the responsibility of dissipating all the hopes engendered by the Conference. Certainly France would not.

Mr. Snowden, interviewed by Reuter on M. Briand's statement, said that in the event of a breakdown, certainly Britain would not be worthy of blame.

Merely because M. Briand says that the Powers are 5/1 against Britain, it does not follow that the five are right.

The feeling among all the delegates late to-night was a pessimistic one.

Mr. Snowden Impatient.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 10. It is learned that Mr. Snowden told the Finance Committee of the Conference this morning that he could not wait any longer for a decision. He did not want to remain at The Hague for the rest of his life!

The Committee adjourned till Monday in order to give time for further consideration of Mr. Snowden's objections to the Young plan. In the course of the discussion prior to the adjournment Mr. William Graham (President of the British Board of Trade) again emphasised that the British delegation would not compromise in regard to the retention of the Spa percentages.

M. Cheron suggested that a way out of the deadlock might be found in a re-arrangement in regard to the deliveries in kind.

British Trade Affected.

Mr. Graham stated that deliveries in kind most adversely affected British export trade and greatly influenced unemployment in Great Britain. The British Government wanted to see such deliveries abolished or at least reduced to the smallest possible period.

M. Cheron argued that the Young Plan was more advantageous to Great Britain than the previous system.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

## FOREIGN OPINION.

## WASHINGTON HOPEFUL; PARIS PROTEST.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10. Official and diplomatic circles here are of opinion that Mr. Ramsay MacDonald is the only hope of averting collapse at The Hague Conference.

Mr. Cotton, acting Secretary of State, said that the United States desired to see a final settlement of reparations evolved by the Powers, but the American Government did not necessarily support the Young Plan or any other form of settlement in preference to another.

Concessions Discussed.

PARIS, Aug. 10.

According to the *Petit Parisien*, at a meeting at The Hague yesterday of the French, Italian, Belgian and Japanese delegates to the Conference it was decided to support the Young Plan as an indivisible whole and not permit any material change in the plan, but to offer Great Britain certain minor concessions in regard to deliveries of coal, etc.

Mr. Snowden Condemned.

PARIS, Aug. 10.

Havas' special correspondent at The Hague describes Mr. Snowden's reply to M. Cheron in the financial commission this morning as "particularly violent." He says that Mr. Snowden seemed to have lost all notion of international courtesy when he said that M. Cheron's interpretation was inadmissible. "I am almost tempted to regard it as grotesque and ridiculous," Mr. Snowden is reported to have said.

Expression Objected To.

THE HAGUE, Aug. 10.

M. Briand has officially protested to the Chairman of the Financial Commission against the phrase used by Mr. Snowden that M. Cheron's explanation of the Balfour Note was "grotesque and ridiculous."

LATER.

Mr. Snowden has issued a statement withdrawing the expression "grotesque and ridiculous." He explains that the words as used in England are not unparliamentary or discourteous. Also he disclaims any intention of hurting M. Cheron's feelings.

Indignation In Excelsis.

PARIS, Aug. 10.

Mr. Snowden's apology has not conciliated the French Press, all sections of which are indignant.

The *Petit Parisien* refers to Mr. Snowden's "spiteful" intervention. *Le Journal* recalls that Mr. Snowden, in the House of Commons, described the French as cheta. The *Echo de Paris* refers to his "gross insults and insolence" and the *Ere Nouvelle* says that "Mr. Snowden has deliberately involved England in a very foolish adventure."

*Le Peuple*, the Trade Union organ, is smitten with consternation at the attitude of a professional Socialist Government.

Sweet Harmony.

LATER.

The meeting of the heads of the six principal delegations has resulted in a restoration of harmony. The Financial Commission will resume its general discussion on August 12.

Blunt Mr. Snowden.

Mr. Snowden said that he was astonished at M. Cheron's arguments and figures, not a single one of which he accepted. He added that it was time that the three points were discussed. He did not wish to remain at The Hague for the rest of his life and invited on a discussion on Monday of his resolution.

## LABOUR'S FOREIGN POLICY.

AN OFFICIAL REVIEW.

EGYPT, RUSSIA, AND GERMANY.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

LONDON, Aug. 9.

A comprehensive review of the Labour Government's foreign policy was made by Mr. Hugh Dalton, the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, speaking at a meeting of the Independent Labour Party at Welwyn.

In the sphere of foreign relations, said Mr. Dalton, the Government was pushing forward vigorously on a wide front, and he believed that they had the vast majority of electors behind them in the steps they were taking to make international co-operation a reality and international peace secure.

Egyptian Affairs.

In regard to Egypt, Mr. Dalton said that Mr. Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, had made a friendly offer to the Egyptian people of real internal independence with the prospect of full membership, on equal terms with the rest of the world, of the League of Nations. He had made the offer on the condition that Parliamentary Government in Egypt should be restored. There was, moreover, to be no change in the existing electoral law.

His Majesty's Government had no preference for one Egyptian politician or for one Egyptian party over another, nor did they intend to interfere in the internal politics of Egypt. They had made their offer in advance to the chosen representatives of the Egyptian people. This was the chance to make an enduring settlement which if let slip might never return.

The Suez Canal.

The defence of the Suez Canal would be no worse secured. Indeed, it would be better secured if our troops and aerodromes were concentrated in the Canal Zone rather than scattered all over Egypt. It would be better secured still if, in addition to the presence of adequate armed forces, Anglo-Egyptian relations were to be inspired by a new and firmer friendship.

The Government, he went on, were pressing forward with the establishment of more effective machinery than now is used for the peaceful settlement of all international disputes, whatever their character. As regards a justifiable character, they hoped the Prime Minister would be able himself to sign the Optional Clause at the forthcoming Assembly of the League of Nations. Non-justifiable disputes would fall to be dealt with by some such procedure as that suggested in the General Act, to the principle of which the Labour Party was firmly committed, and details of which they were now examining. They were determined to close every gap in the international structure through which war might again invade their habitations.

Russian Relations.

He hoped, when Parliament re-assembled in the Autumn, that the Government would be able to secure authority for the resumption of full diplomatic relations with Russia. They were now awaiting a further communication from Moscow. If the Russians were prepared to discuss the procedure for the settlement of outstanding questions and to indicate a desire to settle such questions in a spirit of common sense and goodwill, the Government would be prepared to do their part.

The Government had already lifted the embargo on export credits for the Russian trade.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, said Mr. Dalton, was taking special charge of the Anglo-American disarmament discussions which had made good progress. This country had already reduced its naval programme and the Americans had made a reciprocal gesture which was warmly welcomed.

The Rhineland.

At the Hague Conference, Mr. Henderson was seeking the total and complete evacuation of the Rhineland—a development which would create a new atmosphere in Europe and a real sense that the Great War had passed into history. As compared with evacuation the mere substitution of French for British troops in the occupied territory would be a very poor second best.

None the less Mr. Henderson had emphasised that we were under no pledge to remain if no agreement for simultaneous action could be reached.

Reparations.

As regards the financial questions under discussion at The Hague we had a very strong case, and our claims for adjustment were so small in proportion to the total sums at issue that he hoped a settlement would not be difficult.

He was very glad an effort was to be made by the British representatives to bring to an end the system of deliveries in kind which had done so great an effect on the mining community as a result of past policies, which he trusted would now be reversed.

## HOPE IN COTTON DISPUTE.

PREMIER CONFERS WITH DELEGATES.

ARBITRATION LIKELY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 10.

Sir Horace Wilson has returned to Manchester from Edinburgh. He is at present in telephonic communication with Miss Margaret Bondfield and will confer with the opposing interests in the cotton dispute on Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald has also conferred for an hour and a half with Sir Horace Wilson and eight representatives of the Cotton Employers' Negotiating Committee.

Nothing has yet been issued officially, but there is an increased likelihood of the parties agreeing to arbitration.

## THE RETURN OF THE SPIDER.

REMARKABLE FLIGHT CONCLUDED.

NEW RECORD SET UP.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUSSIA, Aug. 10.

The British monoplane "The Spider," with the Duchess of Bedford aboard and Captain Barnard, as pilot, has arrived at Croydon.

In flying to India, and back in seven and a half days, the Duchess of Bedford and Capt. Barnard, her pilot, have surpassed the previous record for the return journey by no less than seven and a half days. The previous best was the 15 days' voyage of Air Vice-Marshal Sir Vyell Vyvyan, Director of Imperial Airways, last year.

On the return journey "The Spider" established a new record for the flight from India to England. The record for the England to India journey still stands to the credit of the two R.A.F. pilots, who flew from Cranwell, Lincolnshire, to Karachi, this year, non-stop, in 84 hours.

"The Spider's" History.

The Fokker monoplane "The Spider," in which the Duchess and Capt. Barnard have accomplished their remarkable performance, is now nearly five years old. It was originally acquired for the abortive trans-Atlantic crossing attempt of Captain Macintosh and Colonel Fitzmaurice. For this last flight its speed has been considerably increased by the fitting of a new type of 500 h.p. geared British Jupiter air-cooled engine. The actual flying time of the journey of 10,000 miles was 84 hours.

The stages of the flight were, Lympne to Sofia; Aleppo, Syria; 860 miles; Aleppo to Bushire, Persia; 1,080 miles; Bushire to Karachi; 1,080 miles; Karachi to Bushire, Bushire to Aleppo, Aleppo to Sofia, and Sofia to Croydon.

A start was made at dawn each day from the respective stopping places, and flying occupied sometimes as much as 15 hours before the aviators landed for a brief night's rest.

Capt. Barnard in his log remarks that the Duchess frequently took complete control of the plane while he and the mechanic slept. He says: "I usually put her on a compass course, and then go back into the cabin with perfect confidence. I know of many good pilots who are quite incapable of steering a good course by compass, but the Duchess has so far not made a single mistake. In fact instead of being a passenger, she has been a tremendous help to us on the flight."

## FLOODS IN JAPAN.

MANY HOUSES SWEEP AWAY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TOKYO, Aug. 10.

While Tokyo has not had rain and has been in a stifling heat since early July, a heavy rainstorm swept the Niigata prefecture last night, resulting in floods in some districts.

More than 50 houses were swept away. A number of landslides have been reported. Telephonic and telegraphic services are discontinued. Traffic on the Hokuriku line is suspended owing to the derailment of a freight train which resulted in the death of the driver and injury to his assistant.

## ALLEGED RUSSIAN SABOTAGE.

ARREST OF C.E.R. SOVIET EMPLOYEES.

CHINA "ON GUARD."

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, August 10.

It is reliably reported from Harbin that sabotage continues.

On the morning of August 9, a freight train of the Chinese Eastern Railway was blown up by an explosion a few miles west of Harbin, 14 cars being wrecked.

Arson was attempted at Chalan-tun, to the west of Tsingtau.

Armed invaders reached the railway near Hailar and tore up six lengths of rails. This is believed to be the work of Mongols.

Soviet employees at the railway at various points are resigning in large numbers.

General Strike Threat.

TOKYO, August 10.

News from Manchuria indicates that the local Chinese authorities have imprisoned 85 Soviet employees at Hailar, on the Chinese Eastern Railway, and 58 more at Pokotu, as a precautionary measure, owing to a threat of a general strike.

More Arrests Made.

TOKYO, August 10.

Reports from Harbin state that the Chinese have arrested another 110 Soviet employees of the Chinese Eastern Railway who will be deported, together with 20 other arrested Russians.

Manchuria advises that as a result of the Chinese endeavour to arrange a meeting with the Soviet, the Russians are arranging to dispatch a train to Manchuria, from where the Chinese delegates will be transported to Dauria, in trans-Baikalia.

## GERMAN GOOD OFFICES ASKED.

(Fah Tsai Tat Pao.)

SHANGHAI, August 11.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has telegraphically instructed the Chinese Minister to Berlin to ask the German Government to procure the release of the Chinese residents detained by the Soviet, and also to make investigations about the missing Chinese Consul, Mr. Liu Pei Jen.

In a wire to Nanking, Chang Hsueh Liang says that the Chinese Eastern Railway is under strict protection and that he has appointed Mao Chun as Precautionary Commander of Manchuria.

## EUROPE-ASIA RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

NEW ARRANGEMENTS PROPOSED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

MOSCOW, August 10.

It is semi-officially stated that the Japanese Railway Department has entered into negotiations with the Soviet Commissariat of Railways for the establishment of through traffic between Europe and Asia via the Ussuriysk and Transsiberian Railways.

## YEN HSI SHAN LOSES HIS JOB.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, Aug. 11.

The Kuo Min New Agency from Nanking states that the State Council has relieved Yen Hsi Shan of his post as Chairman of the Shansi Government Committee, and appointed Shang Chen as his successor, while General Hsu Yung Chang has been transferred from Suifu to replace Shang Chen as Chairman of the Hopei (Chihli) Government Committee.

The Kuo Min adds that well-informed circles believe that Yen Hsi Shan and Peng Yu Hsiang will shortly go to Japan.

## TROUBLE IN KIUKIANG.

CHIEF OF STAFF DROWNED.

[NAVAL WIRELESS.]

KIUKIANG, Aug. 9.

An alarming incident occurred here to-day as the result of a disturbance among the military forces quartered in the Kiukiang District. As far as is known, a number of shops were looted, and the Chief of Staff was drowned. Four soldiers are among the dead. The trouble did not occur in the vicinity of the former British Consulate.

## NEW YORK CHANGE EXCITEMENT.

BAD BREAK IN PRICES.

RE-DISCOUNT RATE RESPONSIBLE.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.

The increase announced by the New York Federal Reserve Bank in the bank rate, resulted in a bad break in prices on the New York stock market.

Westinghouse Electric went down eight points on the opening quotation, while Kennecott Copper, Columbia Gramophone and United Gas Improvement all fell five points.

Declines of three points were taken by Pennsylvania and New York Central Railways.

Large blocks ranging from five to fifteen thousand shares were sold at frequent intervals during the first hour of trading.

Up to ten o'clock in the morning, 1,300,000 shares had been sold and the active issues continued to drop from anything between two and ten points.

The aggregate loss on market values is already a hundred million dollars.

The whirlwind break in the stock market, followed by only a feeble rally, left Wall Street scared and shaken and facing speculative losses estimated at over a thousand million dollars.

Berlin Reaction.

BERLIN, Aug. 9.

The unexpected increase in the New York bank rate has greatly disappointed the Bourse and has resulted in general weakness on the stock market.

London Unaffected.

LONDON, Aug. 9.

It is officially stated that the leading discount houses have received an intimation that, in the opinion of the Bank of England, the raising of the American Federal Reserve re-discount rate does not at all necessarily connote a rise in the bank rate here.—*British Wireless*.

## Telegrams in Brief.

The American Prohibition Commissioner, Mr. Doran, announces his intention of forbidding "dry" agents from using rifles, except in remote areas where rifles are necessary for protection.

The death is announced of the well-known American humorist, H. Charles Witwer.

A Court Martial at Portsmouth has acquitted Lieut.-Commander H. P. Oram, commander of the submarine L13 on a charge of "negligently or by default suffering L13 to be hazarded in collision with H47."

The Graf Zeppelin has landed at Friedrichshafen.

## PRINCE FLYS TO FRANCE.

GOLF AT LE TOUQUET.

[BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.]

RUSSIA, Aug. 10.

The Prince of Wales flew to France yesterday in his small blue aeroplane, piloted by Squadron Leader Don. He started from London and landed at Berek. He drove immediately to Le Touquet, where he is to spend the week-end, staying in a small villa near the golf course.

## U.S. AND EXTRALITY.

NO ABOLITION YET!

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.

Mr. Cotton, the acting Secretary of State, has announced that the reply of the United States Government to the recent Chinese Note requesting the abolition of extraterritorial rights has been sent to the Nationalist Government, but that it will not be published until given out in Nanking.

It is believed that the Note offers little hope to China for any immediate abolition of extraterritorial privileges.

It is also understood that the Notes from other Powers have similarly rejected the Chinese overtures.

## Health for Young and Old

GLORIOUS health for young and old can be obtained by drinking "Ovaltine" in place of tea coffee or other meal-time beverages.

This delicious food beverage abundantly supplies those health-giving food essentials often missing in adequate quantities from the ordinary daily dietary. "Ovaltine" makes every meal complete in nutritive value.

"Ovaltine" is a scientific preparation in which every element essential to the maintenance of mental and physical fitness is perfectly balanced. It is prepared from Nature's foods which are richest in nourishment—creamy milk, malt extract, specially selected eggs and the purest cocoa.

"Ovaltine" is not only temptingly delicious in taste and supremely nourishing, but is sold at prices which render it the most economical concentrated nourishment obtainable.



Drink delicious  
'OVALTINE'  
At every meal for Health!

[A.S. 29]



# Local Sport

## LAWN BOWLS LEAGUE.

TAIKOO LOSE ON ALL RINKS TO PAST CHAMPIONS.

CRAIGENGOWER SECURE "DOUBLE" AND THE SENIOR LEADERSHIP.

## K.C.C. BEAT CIVIL SERVICE.

Civil Service seniors suffered an unexpected reverse when they crossed over to the Kowloon C.C. on Saturday and Craigengower, by an all-round victory over Taikoo, became the leaders. Reorio improved their standing by defeating the Bowling Green, which places them next to the leaders with two points behind and a match in hand.

Taikoo juniors were also defeated at home by Craigengower. It was a creditable performance, as the visitors had to fall back on four substitutes. Kowloon C.C. again failed to secure their initial points on their visit to Civil Service, and the latter are now well on top. The Yacht Club were successful this time when they received the Electricians.

### RESULTS AT A GLANCE.

DIVISION I.	
Craigengower (home) beat Taikoo by 64 shots (83-36).	
Kowloon C.C. (home) beat Civil Service by 4 shots (84-30).	
Kowloon Dock (home) beat Police by 24 shots (73-45).	
Reorio (away) beat Bowling Green by 14 shots (87-53).	
DIVISION II.	
Craigengower (away) beat Taikoo by 17 shots (64-49).	
Civil Service (home) beat Kowloon C.C. by 57 shots (76-49).	
Bowling Green (away) beat Reorio by 27 shots (67-40).	
Yacht Club (home) beat Electric R.C. by eight shots 65-57.	

DIVISION I.	
Craigengower v. Taikoo.	
Playing at home, Craigengower beat Taikoo by 64 shots, 83-36.	
C.C.C.	T.R.C.
Buchanan	Chalmers
O'Brien	Chapman
Beer	Wotherspoon
Bass (S.)	Morrison (S.)
Neres	Grimes
Razack	Stalker
Rumjahn	Wallace
Archibald (S.)	Ferguson (S.)
Tuck	Young
Coates	Jas. Sloan
Brightman	Laing
Omar (S.)	Matthews (S.)
Total	Total
83	36

Kowloon C.C. v. Civil Service.	
Playing at home, Kowloon C.C. beat Civil Service by four shots, 64-60.	
C.C.C.	C.S.C.C.
Hampton	Randle
Burford	Denkin
Hyde-Lay	Hollidge
Silstone (S.)	Grinnitt (S.)
Gittins	Laing
Petheram	Holdman
Overy	Gregory
Gibson (S.)	Taylor (S.)
Webb	Booker
Howe	Alderman
Purves	Maughan
Lammert (S.)	Brawn (S.)
Total	Total
54	50

Kowloon Dock v. Police.	
Playing at home, Kowloon Dock beat the Police by 24 shots, 72-48.	
K.D.R.C.	P.R.C.
Cooper	Henderson
Cullen	McLeod
McKelvie	Field
Puncheon (S.)	West (S.)
Goodman	Johnstone
Ramsay	Marka
McLaggan	Mair
Gray	Hargreaves
(S.)	(S.)
Atkinson	Glendinning
Greig	Fender
Hedley	Hollands
Brown (S.)	Moss (S.)
Total	Total
72	48

Reorio v. Bowling Green.	
Playing at home, the Bowling Green Club lost to Reorio by 14 shots, 53-67.	
R.B.C.C.	Reorio.
Hall	Barros
Ross	Gutierrez
Nish	Alves
Guy	Yvanovich
(S.)	(S.)
Ecobshall	C. F. Vas
Reynolds	Marques
Muir	C. A. Lopes
Gow (S.)	Ribeiro (S.)
Duncan	L. C. Sousa
Hogbin	H. Alves
Farnell	C. G. Silva
Russell (S.)	R. F. Lus (S.)
Total	Total
53	67

## SCOTCH FOOTBALL OPENS.

RANGERS MAKE GOOD START.

CELTIC BEAT HEARTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 10. Results of the opening games of the season in the Scottish League, played to-day, were as follows:—  
Celtic 3 Hearts 1  
Cowdenbeath 3 Morton 0  
Dundee United 3 Clyde 2  
Falkirk 3 Aberdeen 2  
Hibernians 3 Airdrie 1  
Kilmarnock 3 Hamilton A. 0  
Motherwell 0 Rangers 2  
Partick T. 0 Dundee 2  
St. Johnstone 2 Ayr United 3  
St. Mirren 1 Queen's Park 1

## NAVAL DOCKYARD'S SWIMMING GALA.

LARGE GATHERING AT KOWLOON CAMBER.

There was a representative gathering of Dockyard officials and their families at the Kowloon Camber when the Dockyard Recreation Club held its second annual sports on Saturday.

The competition throughout was very keen and the races provided excellent finishes. Miss Maude George proving the best lady swimmer.

Competition among the men was also keen and great interest was centered on the "Derby" which was won by Mr. C. Falkner. Mr. Moore took the Nott Cup.

The following were the results:—  
Musical Lifebuoy (Open): 1st, Miss M. George; 2nd, C. Falkner.  
Diving Competition: 1st, Mr. Bartlett; 2nd, Miss M. George.

Inter-Department Relay Race (3 laps of 50 yds.):—Won by Chief Engineer's Department.  
Ladies' Handicap (50 yds. over 18 years): 1st, Miss M. George; 2nd, Mrs. Bartlett.

Club Championship (100 yds. members of D.R.C. only): 1st Mr. Falkner; 2nd, A. Ursell.  
Greasy Pole: won by A. Ursell.  
Rush Handicap: 100 yds 1st, R. Kirtman; 2nd, A. Ursell.

Nott Cup Handicap: (150 yds), (D.R.C. only); 1st, Mr. Moore; 2nd, Mr. G. Ursell.  
Mixed Relay: (2 laps of 50 yds); 1st, Miss George and Mr. Falkner; 2nd, A. Ursell.

Obstacle Race: 1st, Miss George; 2nd, A. Ursell.  
Dockyard Derby: (50 yds); 1st, Mr. C. Falkner.  
Lifebuoy Race: (50 yds); 1st, A. Ursell; 2nd, Miss George.

The term (open) refers to all members of the staffs of the Dockyard and Depots.

Division II.  
Civil Service 11 0 3 14  
Craigengower 10 7 0 3 14  
Kowloon B.C.C. 11 7 0 4 14  
Taikoo R.C. 9 3 0 4 10  
Electric R.C. 10 5 0 5 10  
Yacht Club 10 3 0 5 10  
Club de Reorio 11 3 0 8 6  
Kowloon C.C. 10 0 10 0 0

SHOTS FOR AND AGAINST.  
Civil Service 783 53 130 0  
Kowloon B.C.C. 688 582 94 0  
Taikoo R.C. 551 485 56 0  
Craigengower 501 559 42 0  
Yacht Club 573 576 0 3  
Electric R.C. 590 615 0 25  
Club de Reorio 607 633 0 56  
Kowloon C.C. 492 739 0 247

INTERDEPARTMENT MATCH.  
P.W.D. BEAT EDUCATION DEPT. TEAM.

On the Police ground yesterday, the P.W.D. defeated the Education Department and qualified to meet the Prison Department, who were successful the previous week against the Small Units.

The P.W.D. had the lead for a good part of the match, but were passed by one shot (10-15) when their opponents secured eight shots on three heads. They, however, came back again and won by three shots. Teams and scores were:—  
P.W.D. Education Dept.  
Burford Mycock  
Howe Edwards  
Rose Hamilton  
W.E. Hollands Brava  
(S.) (S.)  
Next Sunday on the same ground the Police meet the Revenue Department.

## TENNIS LEAGUE.

IMPORTANT "B" MATCH DECIDED.

INDIANS "B's" FIRST WIN.

After a prolonged delay the tie between the Hong Kong Cricket Club and the Chinese Recreation Club in the "B" Division was decided on Saturday when, altogether, five postponed matches were played off. Hitherto both had an unbeaten record so that the result had a very important bearing on the League Table.

The Chinese Recreation Club won, not unexpectedly, on their opponents' courts to the tune of eight sets to one, leaving no doubt that they were the superior team. The winners, who are now the only unbeaten team, are at the top of the Table with eight points to their credit and are likely to finish the season in that enviable position.

Three other matches were decided in this division. By beating Kowloon Cricket Club, the Indian Recreation Club wonched themselves from the wooden spoon position in the Table. Incidentally they gained their initial point of the season. M.B.K. retained their third position by beating South China, while the Royal Engineers and Signallers were successful against the Y.M.C.A.

In the only match decided in the "C" Division, Craigengower beat the Royal Engineers and Signallers. The details follow:—  
"B" DIVISION.  
Hong Kong C.C. v. Chinese R.C.

On their own ground, the Hong Kong C.C. lost to the Chinese Recreation Club by eight sets to one. H.K.C.C.—O. E. C. Marton and C. E. Holmes, R. K. Valentine and J. Rodger, Dr. J. Montgomery and J. A. Summers.

C.R.C.—Lau Fook Ki and Kwok Po Kan, Lu Tak Cheuk and Lai Kwong Tuen, Lau Man Ching and Cheng Chi Wing.

M.B.K. v. South China A.A.  
At Kowloon, the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha defeated the South China Athletic Association by nine sets to four.

M.B.K.—S. Fukushima and T. Ema, T. Edo and G. Nakamura, T. Fujimori and A. Katayama.  
S.C.A.A.—Li Yu Wing and Tso Chung Yan, Ng Shau Wan and Tsung Chung Nin, Wong Fook Nam and Yung Nai Cheong.

Kowloon C.C. v. Indian R.C.  
On their opponents' ground, the Indian Recreation Club beat the Kowloon C.C. by eight sets to one.

K.C.C.—W. Brown and F. Hamby, F. I. Zimmerman and A. T. Lee, A. J. Evers and G. Lee.  
I.R.C.—D. Mohamed and N. B. Kitchell, A. H. Nadar and S. A. R. Bux, S. S. Hussain and J. S. Achber.

Y.M.C.A. v. R.E. and R.S.  
At King's Park, the European Y.M.C.A. lost to the Royal Engineers and Royal Corps of Signals by two sets to seven.

Y.M.C.A.—E. R. Price and H. Moffat, C. S. Pitt and G. Hedley, A. H. White and G. Lee.  
R.E. & R.S.—Lt. Col. Skinner and Capt. de Linde, Major Kerrioch and S.M. Atkinson, Sergt. Trumper and Sergt. Palmer.

"C" DIVISION.  
Craigengower v. R.E. and R.S.  
At Happy Valley, the Craigengower C.C. defeated the Royal Engineers and Royal Corps of Signals by seven sets to two.

C.C.C.—G. Kelly and D. Clow, A. B. Hamson and E. B. Hamson, V. Sousa and T. Hamet.  
R.E. & R.S.—W. Guinan and P. McCulloch, T. Sabin and H. Goddard, A. Penny and L. Atwood.

LEAGUE TABLES.  
The positions in the League, to date, are:—  
"A" Division.  
P. W. L. Pts.  
Hong Kong C.C. 7 7 0 7  
Chinese R.C. 7 6 1 6  
Kowloon C.C. 7 5 2 5  
M.B.K. 7 4 3 4  
South China A.A. 7 3 4 3  
Club de Reorio 4 1 3 1  
Craigengower C.C. 3 1 4 1  
Indian R.C. 3 1 5 1  
University 6 0 6 0

"B" Division.  
P. W. L. Pts.  
Chinese R.C. 8 8 0 8  
Hong Kong C.C. 7 6 1 6  
M.B.K. 6 6 2 6  
R.E. & R.S. 10 6 4 6  
Y.M.C.A. 8 4 4 4  
Nippon 7 4 3 4  
South China A.A. 3 3 5 3  
University 3 3 5 3  
Club de Reorio 6 2 4 2  
Indian R.C. 3 1 7 1  
Kowloon C.C. 10 1 9 1

"C" Division.  
P. W. L. Pts.  
South China A.A. 7 7 0 7  
Club de Reorio 6 6 0 6  
Chinese R.C. 7 6 1 6  
Hong Kong C.C. 8 5 2 5  
Civil Service C.C. 9 4 4 4  
Indian R.C. 7 3 5 2  
Craigengower C.C. 8 2 6 2  
R.A.O.C. 7 0 7 0  
R.E. & R.S. 7 0 7 0

## AMERICAN TENNIS SENSATION.

YOUNGSTERS BEAT TILDEN AND HUNTER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SOUTHAMPTON, N.Y., Aug. 11. The Meadowbrook Lawn Tennis Tournament Doubles Final was notable for a remarkable victory to two young collegians, Messrs. Berkeley Bell and Gregory Mangin, who beat the famous pair, Tilden and Hunter, 11-9, 10-8, 1-6, 6-3.

## THE HOSPITAL SAVING ASSOCIATION.

MESSAGE FROM THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Prince of Wales has consented to become a patron of the Hospital Saving Association and at the mass rally of contributors at the Crystal Palace the following message from him was read:—  
"I am not able to be among you to-day, but I wish you all a very happy and successful week. I am sure the result will be a very big addition to the great army of voluntary contributors already enrolled in the Hospital Saving Association. The progress of the Association, which I have followed with the greatest interest, has been wonderful, and it is a pleasure to me to be able to show my appreciation of its great work for the hospitals and of the soundness of the principles which it embodies by becoming your patron."

Voluntary hospitals are receiving a staple income from the Association at the rate of £210,000 a year, the contributors number over 800,000 wage-earning men and women in London alone, and they pay 3d. a week to the Association.

It is officially announced that the control of grain will continue throughout next year, independently from the grain harvested from the large state-owned farms.

This announcement is interpreted to mean that the Soviet Government is attempting to create, for the support of its population, grain reserves, the absence of which, in the present food-crisis, is nothing short of a calamity.

## HOME CRICKET.

NOTTS MAINTAIN THEIR ASCENDANCY.

Home cricket matches concluding on Friday resulted as follows:—

Nottingham led on the 1st innings. Lancashire led Middlesex on the 1st innings.  
Gloucester defeated Glamorgan by an innings and 23 runs.  
Leicester led Yorkshire on the 1st innings.  
Sussex defeated Surrey by 224 runs.  
Somerset lost to Essex by 9 runs.  
Northants lost to Derby by 43 runs.  
Warwick drew with the South Africans.

Leading counties are:—  
Games Played Points  
Nottingham 21 120  
Gloucester 23 119  
Lancashire 23 115  
Kent 23 116  
Yorkshire 21 111  
Sussex 22 103  
Derby 22 103  
Middlesex 21 93  
Leicester 23 93

## FOOD STORAGE IN RUSSIA.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL OF GRAIN.

Moscow.—It is officially announced that the control of grain will continue throughout next year, independently from the grain harvested from the large state-owned farms.

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## THE WAR OF THE FUTURE.

GERMAN GENERAL'S VIEW.

London.—The *Evening Standard* publishes an article on the war of the future by General Von Seeckt, who was commander of the German Army for a number of years after the War.

The General declares that the outcome of an armed conflict depends on the first encounter between the hostile forces. Well-trained, well-organized, well-equipped and extremely mobile armies are, accordingly, the first essential that is needed, together with an intelligent and self-reliant personnel, which is the necessary completion to create a really perfect war-machinery.

A small but efficient professional army is, therefore, in the General's opinion, best adapted to meet all contingencies of war, however deplorable war is in itself.

## ROMAN REMAINS AT CHESTER.

WALL 6 FT. HIGH AND 19 FT. WIDE.

During excavations in the Convent Garden, Chester, a Roman wall has been found, twelve feet thick, faced on both sides with blocks of sandstone about three feet square, and having an interior of sandstone rubble. The stones are laid without mortar, and the wall, which was found at a depth of six feet, extended downwards for a further six feet. There can be little doubt that it was a Roman defensive wall running obliquely from a south-west angle of the fortress to the river bank, and thus denying the enemy access to the region which lay between the south wall of the fortress and the river.

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## LEAGUE BILLIARDS.

## STEEL COULSON CUP COMPETITION RESULTS.

ST. PATRICK'S CLUB IN THE FOREFRONT.

## THIS WEEK'S MATCHES.

St. Patrick's Club gained two more successes during the week in their fixtures with the Chief and Petty Officers' Club, and they are now at the top of the League. The Hong Kong Police and the Reserves shared honours, each being successful at home. The Buffalo Club won both of their matches with the R.O.S.B. Sergeants, while the Garrison Sergeants defeated the R.A. Sergeants at home, but lost away.

A correction sent in gives the highest break in the previous week's matches to Staff-Sergeant Royal, R.E. This was one of 60 and is the record so far during this series. In the recent matches the highest break was one of 49 made by Colour Sergeant Bell, K.O.S.B.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 6.

K.O.S.B. Sergeants		Buffalo Club	
Skiggs	114	Earnshaw	150
McGhiey	150	Lacey	114
Bruno	108	Dowman	150
Yardley	120	Franks	150
Barham	150	Brimblecombe	108
Dodds	78	Howells	150
Total	718	Total	892

R.A. Sergeants		Garrison Sergeants	
Leach	150	Ashman	72
Grimes	150	Sharpe	144
Donelan	150	Benzval	122
Burton	150	Ward	142
Hill	141	Jordan	150
Fisher	90	Hodson	150
Total	831	Total	780

St. Patrick's Club		O. and P.O.'s Club	
Remedios	145	Searle	150
Vas	150	Spry	143
F. da Cruz	150	Hamlyn	62
S. da Cruz	117	McKenzie	150
Barros	160	Mitch	109
Baptista	150	Fox	64
Total	862	Total	678

Police Reserves		Hong Kong Police	
Sinn	150	Whant	92
Kwok	150	Sherry	72
Cheah	150	Pile	82
Pong	150	Blakey	75
Mow Fung	108	Ellis	150
Wong	92	Bradwell	150
Total	800	Total	621

Craigengower C.C.		R.E. Sergeants	
Ribeiro	129	Royal	150
Zimmerman	149	Maynard	150
Kitchell	150	Peachy	130
Kew	150	Pycock	133
Razack	114	Bevan	150
Reed	77	Butler	150
Total	769	Total	653

FRIDAY, AUGUST 9.

K.O.S.B. Sergeants		Buffalo Club	
Fenner	71	Lacey	150
Bell	150	Brimblecombe	108
Bruno	150	Franks	128
Doig	87	Earnshaw	150
Fitz Earle	150	Dowman	145
Yardley	117	Howells	150
Total	725	Total	558

Garrison Sergeants		R.A. Sergeants	
Jordan	150	Hill	119
Benzval	150	Fisher	134
Ward	85	Glasebrook	150
Hodson	150	Scoullar	48
Sharpe	150	Grimes	133
Ashman	150	Reeves	108
Total	835	Total	692

Craigengower C.C.		R.E. Sergeants	
Ribeiro	121	Royal	150
Zimmerman	150	Maynard	108
Kitchell	150	Peachy	138
Kew	150	Pycock	114
Razack	150	Bevan	149
Reed	91	Butler	150
Total	812	Total	609

O. and P.O.'s Club		St. Patrick's Club	
Suttell	109	S. da Cruz	150
Petherick	103	Vas	150
Fairburn	125	Baptista	150
Searle	132	L. Remedios	150
Hamlyn	97	F. da Cruz	150
Newcombe	105	Barros	150
Total	671	Total	900

Hong Kong Police		Police Reserves	
Bradwell	97	Pong	150
Sherry	150	Mow Fung	99
Blakey	147	Sinn	150
Wynne	150	Kwok	133
Whant	138	Wong	150
Fender	150	Cheah	81
Total	832	Total	763

## FRENCH PAINTER DIES OF STARVATION.

## SON OF A WEALTHY ARTIST.

Paris.—It is reported that the death by starvation of the French painter, Sisley, will probably furnish the occasion for the revision of the whole complex of ideas and opinions tending to secure for an author of work of the plastic and graphic arts the fullest possible protection. It is expected that France, which has been the leading country in the formulation of the laws of copyright and authorship, will be able to bring about practical results also in this instance. The death of Sisley has stirred wide circles through the fact that it occurred at a period when paintings by his father, who preceded him in death years ago, happened to fetch record prices at Paris auctions.

## THE SUIT AGAINST EUGENE O'NEILL.

## CHARGE OF PLAGIARISM DENIED.

Although the famous American playwright Eugene O'Neill is still in Europe enjoying a honeymoon after his latest matrimonial venture, a reply was recently received at New York from him in connection with George Ley's suit alleging plagiarism. Ley charges that O'Neill stole the idea of his "The Temple of Pallas Athena" when he wrote "Strange Interlude." Answering this charge, O'Neill denied it absolutely and added that he had never heard of Ley's work before the suit was filed. "Strange Interlude" bears no resemblance to "The Temple of Pallas Athena," O'Neill said, "except such resemblance as is inevitable in works of similar theme."

## Money and Markets

## CANTON TRADE NOTES.

Demand for flour has again been healthy especially from country districts. Prices have risen by over ten cents per bag.

Considerable quantities of wolfram ore have recently been mined from the Kitten Mountains in Hoifung district and exported from Swatow. The price in Swatow has risen from thirty dollars to fifty dollars per picul.

The cotton yarn market is still weak owing to the sharp rise in prices. But stocks are exceedingly short and prices have not fallen. According to Shanghai telegraphic advices, stocks are so short that the prices have risen by over two taels.

Shipping business between Canton and Wuchow has been bad for the last few months and the number of steam launches plying between the two places has fallen by half. The principal causes of this are dullness of business in Wuchow and the cheaper rates charged by tow-boats.

According to telegraphic advices from Java, the price of sugar has been steady. The sugar market in Hong Kong which has been very dull for the last few months has slightly improved recently and prices are a little higher, but the market is still overstocked. Prices in Canton have improved but things will not be normal until the Mid-Autumn Festival season when sugar is needed for moon cakes, etc.

A huge volume of business is now being done between Hong Kong and Tsingtao, Tientsin and other northern coastal ports. There are in Hong Kong over 140 Chinese import and export firms engaged in the business and most of the larger firms do over \$500,000 worth of business every year. They export chiefly sugar, rice, oils and other foodstuffs and import wheat, flour, ginseng, etc. Recently, they have raised over \$100,000 to charter four steamers for the trade. It is understood that this will considerably affect the business of other shipping firms and it is reported that two leading firms are proposing to reduce the rates between Hong Kong and northern ports.

## DAILY SHARE QUOTATIONS.

## HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal	SATURDAY, AUGUST 10.	Buyers	Sellers	Sales	Nominal
BANKS								
...	...	...	\$1,233	H.K. Banks	...	...	...	\$1,335
...	...	...	\$1,254	Do. (London)	...	...	...	\$1,214
...	...	...	\$2,324	Chartered Bank	...	...	...	\$2,324
...	...	...	\$1,512	Mercantile Bank	...	...	...	\$1,512
...	...	...	\$801	P. & O. Bank	...	...	...	\$801
...	...	...	...	Bank of East Asia	...	...	...	...
INSURANCES								
...	...	...	\$630	Canton Ins.	...	...	...	\$630
...	...	...	...	Underwriters	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	North China	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Union Ins.	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Yonghe Ins.	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	China Fire	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Fire	...	...	...	...
SHIPPING								
...	...	...	...	Douglases	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Seamboats	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Indos (pre)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (act)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Water-boats	...	...	...	...
MINING								
...	...	...	...	Benquets	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Kallans	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Langkats (com)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (single)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Explorations	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Loan	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Rails	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Tronoh Mines	...	...	...	...
DOCKS, WHARVES, GODOWNS, ETC.								
...	...	...	...	H.K. & K. Wharves	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	President's	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Docks	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Docks	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	New Engineering	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Hongkwa	...	...	...	...
COTTON MILLS								
...	...	...	...	Ewe	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Oriental	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shai (Cotton)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Zong Sings	...	...	...	...
LANDS, HOTELS AND BUILDINGS								
...	...	...	...	H.K. & S. Hotels	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Lands	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Shanghai Lands	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Realty	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Humphreys	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Chinese Estates	...	...	...	...
PUBLIC UTILITIES								
...	...	...	...	Tramways	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Peak Tram	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Star Ferries	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	O. Lights (old)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Electric	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Macao do	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sandakan Lights	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Telephones	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	China Buses	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Tractions	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (pre)	...	...	...	...
INDUSTRIALS								
...	...	...	...	Canton Ice	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Cements (comb)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (old)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Ropes	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	China Sugars	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Malabar Sugars	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	United Asbestos	...	...	...	...
MISCELLANEOUS								
...	...	...	...	Dairy Farms	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Der A. Wings	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Amusements	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Constructions	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Lane Crawford	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Mackintosh	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Nanyang Tobacco	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Sincere (old)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Do. (new)	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Watsons	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	Wm. Powell	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	B. Ind. G. Bonds	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	H.K. Govt. Loan	...	...	...	...



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## NOTES IN CIRCULATION.

## STATEMENT FOR JULY.

Returns of the average amount of bank notes in circulation and of specie in reserve in Hong Kong during the month ended July 31, 1929, as certified by the managers of the respective Banks are as follows:—

Banks	Average	Specie
Chartered Bank	\$16,033,973	\$ 3,300,000
H.K. & S.	49,140,086	34,000,000
Merchantile Bank	1,822,581	600,000
Total	\$67,035,360	\$40,900,000

\* In addition Sterling Securities are deposited with the Crown Agents valued at \$1,235,700.

† In addition Securities deposited with the Crown Agents and Straits Government valued at \$2,990,442.

‡ In addition Securities deposited with the Crown Agents valued at \$180,000.

Merchandise Bank Securities. The following is a statement of the securities lodged with the Crown Agents by the Merchantile Bank of India, Limited, against their notes in circulation, as under:—

Security:—\$1 per cent. Treasury Bonds repayable @100 in 1930—\$180,000, last market price 100-100.

## HONG KONG MARKET REPORTS.

Yesterday's quotations for rice and other food-stuffs were as follows:—

	Rice.	Per Picul.
White, Red Seal No. 3	.....	86.63
White, Ching See	.....	7.38
White, Lam See	.....	7.47
White, Hung Ngun	.....	10.48
White Broken, Red Seal	.....	7.48
White granulated, Red Seal	.....	5.36
No. 1	.....	8.10
Glutinous granulated No. 2	.....	3.89
White Bran, Black Seal	.....	4.99
Granulated cargo rice	.....	4.99
Miscellaneous.		
No. 18 coarse granulated sugar	.....	\$6.55
No. 24 coarse granulated sugar	.....	7.10
Groundnut oil	.....	31.50
Wood-tar oil	.....	33.30
White Sesame	.....	18.60
Raw Barley	.....	17.60
Dried Cuttle-fish, Shantung	.....	56.00
Dried Mushroom, Tung Koo	.....	185.00
White Pepper	.....	130.00
Aniseed	.....	17.00
Small green bean	.....	8.50
Soy Bean	.....	6.90



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To San Francisco and Los Angeles  
The Sunlighter Belt via Honolulu  
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays  
Pres. Lincoln ... Tues., Aug. 13, 3 a.m.  
Pres. Madison ... Tues., Aug. 27  
Pres. Jackson ... Tues., Sept. 10  
Pres. McKinley ... Tues., Sept. 24

To Seattle and Victoria  
The Short, Straight Route to America  
Fortnightly sailings on Tuesdays  
Pres. Cleveland ... Tues., Aug. 20, 9 a.m.  
Pres. Pierce ... Tues., Sept. 3  
Pres. Taft ... Tues., Sept. 17  
Pres. Jefferson ... Tues., Oct. 1

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PRES. HAYES ... October 2

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Fortnightly sailings on Sunday via Manila, Saigon, Colombo, Suez Canal, Alexandria, Naples, Genoa, Marseilles, New York and Boston.

Pres. Van Buren ... Sun., Aug. 25, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Garfield ... Sun., Sept. 8, 8 a.m.  
Pres. Polk ... Sun., Sept. 22, 8 a.m.

#### To Manila

Pres. Cleveland ... Aug. 15, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Madison ... Aug. 17, 6 p.m.  
Pres. Pierce ... Aug. 27, 6 p.m.

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M.S. "Afrika"	18th Sept.	24th Oct.
M.S. "Malaya"	21st Oct.	2nd Dec.

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### DRESS REFORM IN PERSIA TO-DAY.

#### BIG PROBLEMS FOR THE NEW REGIME.

#### PROGRESS AND THE PICTURESQUE.

### THE INCULCATION OF A NATIONAL SPIRIT.

Sir E. Denison Ross's fascinating lecture at Burlington House to the Central Asian Society, under the presidency of Lord Allenby, contained many interesting personal impressions of the new régime in Persia, which have not hitherto been reported.

The two main objects of the new régime which he specially emphasised are the establishment of order and the awakening of the national pride of the Persians, it being the desire of King Reza Pahlavi that the whole energy of the empire shall be devoted to the moral and material progress of Persia.

"The establishment of order," Sir Denison explained, "means the introduction of official control where none existed before. In Europe such controls have come about gradually, but even we resent passports and custom-houses. How much more must such things arouse resentment where they are total innovations!"

"With the sudden arrival of the motor-car has been introduced the checking of all passengers on entry and on leaving the towns. The 'jawas' seems irksome in the East, but it is not for us Europeans to resent this."

"The first essential to the introduction of order is the firm establishment of the régime. This, of course, necessitates a strong army, paid up to date. The army is one thing, but it is not an end—and for a poor country an expensive means."

#### The Pahlavi Cap.

"With regard to the incultation of a national spirit throughout the various races and tribes that make up the Persian people, it seemed to Reza Pahlavi that some uniformity in dress would contribute more to this national unity than anything else. He, therefore, devised what is now known as the Pahlavi cap, which is an exceedingly simple and inexpensive head-dress. It has not yet stood the test of all the seasons."

"Of this hat, it is true, as of all hats with the possible exception of the fez, that it suits some people much better than others. It may be worn in any colour. Officially, black seems to be the etiquette. It only became universal last New Year's Day—March 21—but even in January of this year one saw little else in the towns."

"The transition stage in the countryside gave rise to sights which were almost comic, as, for example, in Southern Persia, where one saw men in their reluctance to abandon their Arab style with its square cloth and the 'aqal,' and yet being anxious to please the authorities, simply attempted to balance the Pahlavi cap on the top of the others."

"Little boys in schools looked charming in these caps, mostly khaki-coloured, with the school badge in front, and I recall how in one of the infant schools I visited there were four little boys who had only just arrived, and while three of them had Pahlavi caps—second-hand ones, I think—there was one little boy with no hat at all, and

his neighbour said to me in his defence, 'He has a Pahlavi cap at home, as if to save his honour. I told the Shah this story, and he was much amused.'

#### Lounge Suits.

"But dress reform by law does not stop short at the head. It is further enjoined that all males in Persia shall wear what we call lounge suits. For the Europeanised Persian this, of course, represents no very great change—merely the abandonment of the frock-coat. But for the country folk, the shepherd, the muleteer, and the cultivator, this no doubt means a severe blow to his traditions."

"I have always thought that one of the most picturesque costumes in the world was that of the Persian peasant, consisting of trousers, a sort of frock-coat, drawn in tight at the waist, with a full skirt, and a round felt cap like a bulging dome under which protruded his shingled hair behind and at the sides. But it is not within our province to demand that the East should be picturesque."

"I think there is a feeling in Persia, just as there is in Turkey, that being picturesque in the eyes of the West is a political disadvantage; and perhaps this idea is at the back of the abolition of the fez as well as of the introduction of the Pahlavi cap, although the motives which prompted these two and almost contemporaneous hat-laws were, I take it, quite distinct. Mustafa Kemal desired to remove the outward signs of Turkishness and to bring his people into line with the West, as far as dress was concerned, whereas Reza Pahlavi desired a national dress which would make every Persian outwardly a Persian subject."

"Now the only people who are allowed to continue the old wear are the Mujtahids, or doctors of religion, and one can see at once that if the right to dress in long flowing robes and a turban is strictly confined to them, the distinction between clergy and people is far more marked than in former times."

#### Bigotry and Progress.

"All writers on Persia during the past century have agreed in denouncing religious bigotry as the main cause of the backwardness of the Persian people. The scope of popular Shiism is very limited, and is, as you all know, mostly founded on a series of tragedies. There is nothing gay about Islam in Persia. The one gay note in the life of the people is New Year's Day and the Spring."

"I take it one of the main objects of the new régime is to break the unhealthy influence of the Mujtahids. There is no direct attack on Islam, but only on one of its abuses. The task before King Reza Pahlavi is no light one," Sir Denison added. "He meets with opposition at every turn, but he is at the moment well served by one or two Ministers, who work wholeheartedly for and with him. I am full of hope for the future of Persia with such men in power. It remains only for this spirit of national endeavour to percolate through to the people and ultimately to the now indifferenced masses—for up to the present it does not seem to have affected the bazaar in any way."

### THE CORPORAL'S LANGUAGE.

#### SOME TESTS IN ARMY PHRASEOLOGY.

Some of the finer points of military discipline are indicated in a Blue Book which contains papers set for Army officers in their examinations for promotion in March, together with "remarks by examiners."

One paper makes clear an important difference between an order and a question. A lance-corporal reported to his immediate superior at Aldershot one day that a certain man had refused to water the horses. The corporal himself paraded the man and said, "Are you going to water those horses?" "No," replied the man, "and the corporal, with a conscience crystal clear, put him in prison. The District Court Martial before whom the man was brought, in due course was also quite satisfied that he had disobeyed a lawful command, and he was convicted."

Captains were asked to say whether the conviction was right, the only evidence given being that of the corporal, who described how he had asked the accused most pointedly whether he intended to water the horses. The examiner's answer was that the conviction was bad and that "confirmation of it will be effective."

### MACAO RACE CLUB.

Macao looks inquiringly at the Macao Race Club whose activities seem to have been stopped. It is some time now since any news has been published regarding this Club. It was known to be in financial difficulties, but there was talk at one time of a loan from a racing enthusiast at Hong Kong, and it is to be hoped that Macao may have horse-racing again with the resumption of cooler weather in the autumn.—*Jornal de Macau*.

### MR. THOMAS LEAVES FOR CANADA.

### BRITISH LADY FLYER.

#### AFTER INTERNATIONAL HONOURS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, Aug. 10.

One woman, Miss Evelyn Spooner (Britain) is participating in the 4,000 mile round Europe international aeroplanes challenge competition, in which 43 light aeroplanes started at Orly, in France, on Wednesday.

Lady Bailey arrived too late to participate and decided to cover the course privately.

Other British competitors are Lord Carbery and Captain Broad. The Britons arrived at Budapest this morning, Miss Spooner leading.

### "BOSS" CROKER'S ESTATE.

#### LONG LAW SUIT ENDS.

(REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.)

WEST PALM BEACH, Aug. 10.

The six-years-old law suit arising from the claim of Mrs. Bula Croker for a share in the property of her late husband, Richard Croker, the ex-Tammany chief, has ended in the Court affirming the right of the estate agent, Connel, to the property upon payment of \$1,000,000 under the contract entered into before the boom in real estate in Florida.

Mrs. Croker will appeal to a higher Court against the decision, which will mean a loss of \$5,000,000 to her.

### ADVICE FOR INVESTORS.

READERS are reminded that inquiries relating to the share market are answered, on page 9 every Tuesday by "Kufan." Letters should be sent to this office, and must be accompanied by writer's name and address, not for publication. Letters should be addressed to "Kufan," care of the Editor.

### THE RHINELAND.

#### BRITISH DESIRE TO GET OUT.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

THE HAGUE, Aug. 9.

After a lengthy discussion, the Political Commission of the Conference decided to submit to a committee of jurists, the question of establishing a Committee of Verification and Conciliation in the Rhineland area, which France and Belgium are anxious to instal.

Archibald Henderson, who stressed that Britain's desire is to get out of the Rhineland completely at the earliest possible moment, saying that he felt the presence of foreign troops on German soil was out of spirit with the times, explained that Britain disliked also this idea of a Committee, but if it was necessary, he felt it should come from the League of Nations and be strictly conciliatory.

Dr. Stresemann pointed out that diplomatic channels and the Locarno Treaty were sufficient to settle any disputes that might arise. M. Briand disclaimed any intention of creating a military body of control. His committee would be designed to help and not to hinder Franco-German relations.

Herr Wiart, the German Minister for the Occupied Territories, said that any German Government that went beyond the Locarno Treaty and the Council of the League of Nations, would be thrown out of office.

### MR. THOMAS LEAVES FOR CANADA.

#### SOLVING UNEMPLOYMENT PROBLEMS.

(BRITISH WIRELESS SERVICE.)

LONDON, Aug. 9.

Mr. J. H. Thomas, Minister in Charge of the Unemployment problem, left London to-day for Canada.

Mr. Thomas's main objects are to improve trade relations between the Home Country and Canada and to investigate the question of emigration. He hopes to secure more markets for British goods to alleviate unemployment in this country. From Quebec, he will go to Ottawa, where conferences have been arranged with the Canadian Prime Minister and other Ministers.

Mr. Thomas said, in an interview:—"I am leaving with the good wishes, I know, of all my fellow-countrymen on a mission which I hope will benefit the Empire as a whole. There is no aspect of our economic relations that I will not be prepared to discuss."

### By Special Appointment to H.M. King George V.



The Connoisseur's First Choice's

PERRIER JOUËT

This excellent Champagne is now obtainable in Hong Kong in three sizes.

QUARTS	... \$7.00 per bottle
PINTS	... \$3.70 "
BABY	... \$2.00 "

A baby Perrier Jouët and Guinness is The Ideal Tonic and Pick-me-up.

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6, Queen's Rd. C. Tel. C. 3517.

### TO-DAY'S WIRELESS PROGRAMME.

BROADCAST BY Z.B.W. ON 330 METRES.

1.45 p.m.—Weather report.  
5.30 to 6.30 p.m.—Programme of Chinese music (records supplied by The Sincere Co., Ltd.).  
7.45 p.m.—Evening weather report.

9 p.m.—Evening programme. (Victor and H.M.V. records supplied by Messrs. S. Mouton & Co., Ltd.).

"The Yeomen Of The Guard" (Sullivan), Selection. The Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards.

"Take A Pair Of Sparkling Eyes" and "The Sailor's Grave." Tenor, Derek Oldham.

"Fingal's Cave" (Mendelssohn), Overture, St. Louis Symphony Orchestra.

"The Mill Wheel" and "The Sergeant's Song." Bass, Robert Radford.

"Camille's Nuptials" and "Imperial March." Organ Solo, Stanley Roper.

"In A Persian Market" and "Raymond" (Thomas), Overture, The Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards.

"Jogging Along The Highway" and "The Devout Lover." Baritone, Percy Heming.

"Country Dances No. 1." "Pastorale" Dance No. 2." and "The Merry-makers" Dance No. 3." St. Louis Symphony Orchestra.

"There's Nothing Over Sixpence In The Store" and "The Roast Beef Of Old England." Humorous, Ernest Hastings.

"Le Petit Air" and "Blossom." Piano Solo, Benno Moisewitch.

"The Vagabond King" Vocal Gems, and "Lady Luck." Vocal Gems, H.M.V. Light Opera Company.

"A Tree In The Park" and "So Blue." Baritone, Melville Gideon.

"So This Is Spring" and "Ouckoo." Humorous Talking, Leslie Sarony.

"The Maltese" (Sullivan), Selection, The Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards.

"Intrigue" (Hubert) and "Trees" (Hosbach). Baritone, John Brownlee.

"The Sovereign" Selection, and "Trial By Jury," Selection, The Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards.

"The Yeoman's Wedding" and "Out Of The Night." Baritone, Percy Heming.

"Tosca" (Puccini). Potpourri, Marek Weber and His Orchestra. 10.30 p.m.—Close down.

### CONSIGNEE NOTICES

#### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.  
AND  
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

#### CONSIGNEES per Co.'s Vessel

"TYNDAREUS"  
FROM SEATTLE, VANCOUVER AND VICTORIA VIA JAPAN.

are requested to take Delivery of Flour and Lumber Shipments as soon as the Vessel is ready to discharge and are hereby notified that their Lighters are not placed alongside the Steamer as required, their Shipments will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, at their expense, where the Cargo will lie also at their risk and expense and subject to the Terms and Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. Steamer will commence Discharge on the 13th August.

General Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will lie at Consignees' risk and subject to the Terms and Conditions of Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for Delivery from the Godown on and after 13th August.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on any Tuesdays and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 A.M. and Noon, within the Free Storage period. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all General Cargo remaining undelivered after the 15th August, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 2nd September, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

12th Aug., 1929. [3916]

### NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD BREMEN.

#### THE Steamer "ALSTER"

having arrived from BREMEN, HAMBURG and Porto. Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Cargo is being landed at their risk into the Godown of the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, where Delivery can be obtained.

Consignees are further notified that the Steamer "ALSTER" has taken at HAMBURG and BREMEN through Cargo for HONG KONG. Ex S.S. "Zander," S.S. "Bora," S.S. "Jizo," S.S. "Ellen," S.S. "Nara," S.S. "Kono Shiro," S.S. "Amami," and S.S. "Gaster" from GOTHENBURG, OSLO, KOTKA and WIBORG.

All Goods remaining undelivered after the 15th August, 1929, will be subject to Rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godown for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Anderson & Aitken at 10 a.m. on the 17th of August, 1929.

No Claim will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godown and all Claims must be presented within Two Weeks of the Ship's arrival here, after which date they will not be recognised.

Consignees are requested to surrender their Bills of Lading to the Underwriter for Counter-signature.

MELOERS & CO., Agents.  
NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN.  
Hong Kong, 11th Aug., 1929. [3915]

### HAMBURG AMERIKA LINE.

#### NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

#### THE Motor Vessel "ERMLAND"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hong Kong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where Delivery can be obtained as the Goods are landed.

Optimal Cargo will be landed, unless Notice has been given prior to Vessel's arrival.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th August, 1929, will be subject to Rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godown, where they will be examined on 10th August, 1929, at 10 a.m. by our Surveyors, Messrs. Goldard and Douglas.

All Claims must reach us before the 26th August, 1929, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by the Underwriter.

JESSEN & CO., Agents.  
Hong Kong, 5th Aug., 1929. [3199]

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## ADVERTISED SAILINGS FROM HONG KONG.

## EXPECTED ARRIVALS AND MOVEMENTS.

## PASSENGERS.

## ALEXANDRIA.

Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

## AMOI.

Haiyang, Douglas, Aug. 13.  
Yingchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 15.  
Haiching, Douglas, Aug. 16.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 18.  
Takada, B.I., Aug. 18.  
Antung, B. & S., Aug. 19.  
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 20.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 21.  
Kumang, Jardine's, Aug. 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Anhui, B. & S., Aug. 24.  
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 25.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 26.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 1.  
Kuting, Jardine's, Sept. 11.

## ANTWERP.

Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.

## AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

Changte, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.  
Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.

## BALIC PORTS.

Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.

## BALTIMORE.

City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.

## BANGKOK.

Hellas, Thoresen's, Aug. 18.  
Kalgan, B. & S., Aug. 18.  
Kungchow, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Hirundo, Thoresen's, Aug. 25.  
Kiangsu, B. & S., Aug. 25.

## BELAWAN DELI.

Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 13.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

## BOMBAY.

Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 13.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## BOSTON.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 29.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

## BREMEN.

Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

## BRINDISI.

Viminal, Dodwell's, Aug. 19.  
Piave, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.

## CALCUTTA.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 13.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.  
Yuehsang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Taima, B.I., Aug. 31.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.

## CEBU.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.  
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.  
Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.

## CHBEFOO.

Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.

## COLOMBO.

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## COPENHAGEN.

Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

## DALNY.

Nanning, B. & S., Aug. 12.  
Yingchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.

## DUTCH PORTS.

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 27.  
Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.

## FOOCHOW.

Haiyang, Douglas, Aug. 13.  
Haiching, Douglas, Aug. 16.  
Haining, Douglas, Aug. 20.

## GENOA.

Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

## GLASGOW.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.

## GOTHEBURG.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

## HAIPHONG AND HOIHOW.

Canton, M.M., Aug. 12.  
Tonkin, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Kungchow, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Changtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.

## HAMBURG.

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Achilles, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.

## HAYEE.

Agapenor, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Java, Mannen, Sept. 1.

## HONOLULU.

Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.

## ILOILO.

Pennsylvania, S.S.S., Aug. 17.  
Golden Star, S.S.S., Aug. 18.  
Illinois, S.S.S., Aug. 31.

## JAPAN PORTS.

Eurylochus, B.F., Aug. 12.  
Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Eurylochus, B.F., Aug. 13.  
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 13.  
Menelaus, B.F., Aug. 14.  
Glenapp, Jardine's, Aug. 15.  
Pyrrhus, B.F., Aug. 15.  
Burgeland, Jenson, Aug. 16.  
Morea, P. & O., Aug. 16.  
Suisang, Jardine's, Aug. 18.  
Takada, B.I., Aug. 18.  
Friesland, Jenson, Aug. 17.  
Matsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Shanmout, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.

## KAGAWA.

Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Taima, B.I., Aug. 31.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## KANGAROO.

Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 13.  
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 13.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 13.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Yuehsang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
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Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## KANTON.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 29.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

## KARACHI.

Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

## KATMANDU.

Viminal, Dodwell's, Aug. 19.  
Piave, Dodwell's, Sept. 7.

## KATMANDU.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 13.  
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## KATMANDU.

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Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## KATMANDU.

Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.

## KATMANDU.

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## KATMANDU.

Huichow, B. & S., Aug. 20.  
Kueichow, B. & S., Sept. 3.

## KATMANDU.

Glenogle, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 15.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## MARSEILLES.

Delagoa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.  
Havelland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

## NAPLES.

Pres. Wilson, Dollar, Aug. 11.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.

## NEWORLEANS.

Nanning, B. & S., Aug. 12.  
Yingchow, B. & S., Aug. 14.

## NEW YORK, BOSTON, etc.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Malayan Prince, Furness, Aug. 29.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
City of Canberra, Bank, Sept. 10.  
Royal Prince, Furness, Sept. 12.

## NORTH CHINA.

Burgeland, Jenson, Aug. 12.  
Asia, Mannen, Aug. 17.  
Friesland, Jenson, Aug. 17.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Africa, Mannen, Sept. 1.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.

## ORAN.

Iar, Melchers, Aug. 18.  
Saarbrücken, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Leverkusen, Jenson, Aug. 24.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.

## OSLO.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Java, Mannen, Sept. 1.

## PANAMA.

Calcutta Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Kaga Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.

## PENANG.

Kidderpore, P. & O., Aug. 13.  
Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 13.  
Van Heuts, J.C.J.L., Aug. 13.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.  
Malwa, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Yuehsang, Jardine's, Aug. 19.  
Hakozaki Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 24.  
Pres. Van Buren, Dollar, Aug. 25.  
Augsburg, Melchers, Aug. 27.  
Tokushima Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Kashmir, P. & O., Aug. 31.  
Taima, B.I., Aug. 31.  
Dalgoma, B.I., Sept. 3.  
Antenor, B.F., Sept. 4.  
Glenamoy, Jardine's, Sept. 4.  
Ermland, Jenson, Sept. 7.  
Hakusan Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 7.  
Pres. Garfield, Dollar, Sept. 8.  
Sado Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 11.

## PORTLAND.

New York S.S.S., Aug. 14.  
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.

## RANGOON.

Takliwa, B.I., Aug. 13.  
Malacca Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 16.  
Akita Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.

## SAIGON.

Chonocaux, M.M., Aug. 12.  
Athos II, M.M., Aug. 27.

## SANDAKAN.

Hinsang, Jardine's, Aug. 12.  
Tanda, E. & A., Aug. 30.

## SAN FRANCISCO.

Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.  
New York S.S.S., Aug. 14.  
Golden Peak, S.S.S., Aug. 24.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.  
Texas, S.S.S., Aug. 31.  
Korea Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 4.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.

## SCANDINAVIAN PORTS.

Nagara, Gilman's, Aug. 17.  
Java, Mannen, Aug. 30.  
Agra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.

## SEATTLE.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.  
Bellingham, S.S.S., Aug. 19.  
Pres. Cleveland, Dollar, Aug. 20.  
Tyndareus, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Reno, B.F., Aug. 20.  
Shidzuka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Tencer, B.F., Sept. 12.

## SHANGHAI.

Iyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 12.  
Nanning, B. & S., Aug. 12.  
D'Artagnan, M.M., Aug. 13.  
Eurylochus, B.F., Aug. 13.  
Pres. Lincoln, Dollar, Aug. 13.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 13.  
Menelaus, B.F., Aug. 14.  
Glenapp, Jardine's, Aug. 15.  
Pyrrhus, B.F., Aug. 15.  
Burgeland, Jenson, Aug. 16.  
Morea, P. & O., Aug. 16.  
Asia, Mannen, Aug. 17.  
Friesland, Jenson, Aug. 17.  
Matsuyama Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 17.  
Shanmout, P. & O., Aug. 17.  
Bokuyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Haruna Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 19.  
Yamagata Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 20.  
Emp. of Russia, C.P.S., Aug. 21.

## SHANGHAI.

Kwongkong, Jardine's, Aug. 21.  
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 21.  
Tanyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.  
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.  
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.  
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Ara Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.  
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.  
Africa, Mannen, Sept. 1.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Pressen, Jenson, Sept. 3.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Tibadakk, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Shidzuka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 9.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.  
Asphalion, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Equilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.

## SHANGHAI.

Kwongkong, Jardine's, Aug. 21.  
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 21.  
Tanyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.  
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.  
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.  
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Ara Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.  
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.  
Africa, Mannen, Sept. 1.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Pressen, Jenson, Sept. 3.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Tibadakk, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Shidzuka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 9.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.  
Asphalion, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Equilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.

## SHANGHAI.

Kwongkong, Jardine's, Aug. 21.  
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 21.  
Tanyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.  
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.  
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.  
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Ara Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.  
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.  
Africa, Mannen, Sept. 1.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Pressen, Jenson, Sept. 3.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Tibadakk, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Franken, Melchers, Sept. 7.  
Shidzuka Maru, N.Y.K., Sept. 9.  
Tilawa, B.I., Sept. 9.  
Pres. Jackson, A.M.L., Sept. 10.  
Alipore, P. & O., Sept. 11.  
Asphalion, B.F., Sept. 12.  
Equilino, Dodwell's, Sept. 12.

## SHANGHAI.

Kwongkong, Jardine's, Aug. 21.  
Sunning, B. & S., Aug. 21.  
Tanyo Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 21.  
Chengtu, B. & S., Aug. 22.  
Kanagawa Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 22.  
Tjikembang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Tango Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 23.  
Foshing, Jardine's, Aug. 23.  
Tjikarang, J.C.J.L., Aug. 23.  
Koro Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 27.  
Pres. Madison, A.M.L., Aug. 27.  
Sphinx, M.M., Aug. 27.  
Coblenz, Melchers, Aug. 23.  
Ara Maru, N.Y.K., Aug. 29.  
Glenahiel, Jardine's, Aug. 30.  
Africa, Mannen, Sept. 1.  
Nagapore, P. & O., Sept. 2.  
Sumatra, Gilman's, Sept. 2.  
Duchessa d'Aosta, D'well's, Sept. 3.  
Pres. Pierce, Dollar, Sept. 3.  
Pressen, Jenson, Sept. 3.  
Emp. of Asia, C.P.S., Sept. 4.  
Tibadakk, J.C.J.L., Sept. 4.  
Franken, Mel











